

# Service discovery: CPC or database?

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ISART 2010, 27-30 July, Boulder (CO)

# Overview

- Cognitive Pilot Channel
- (White Space) Database
- Which will prevail?
- Some considerations

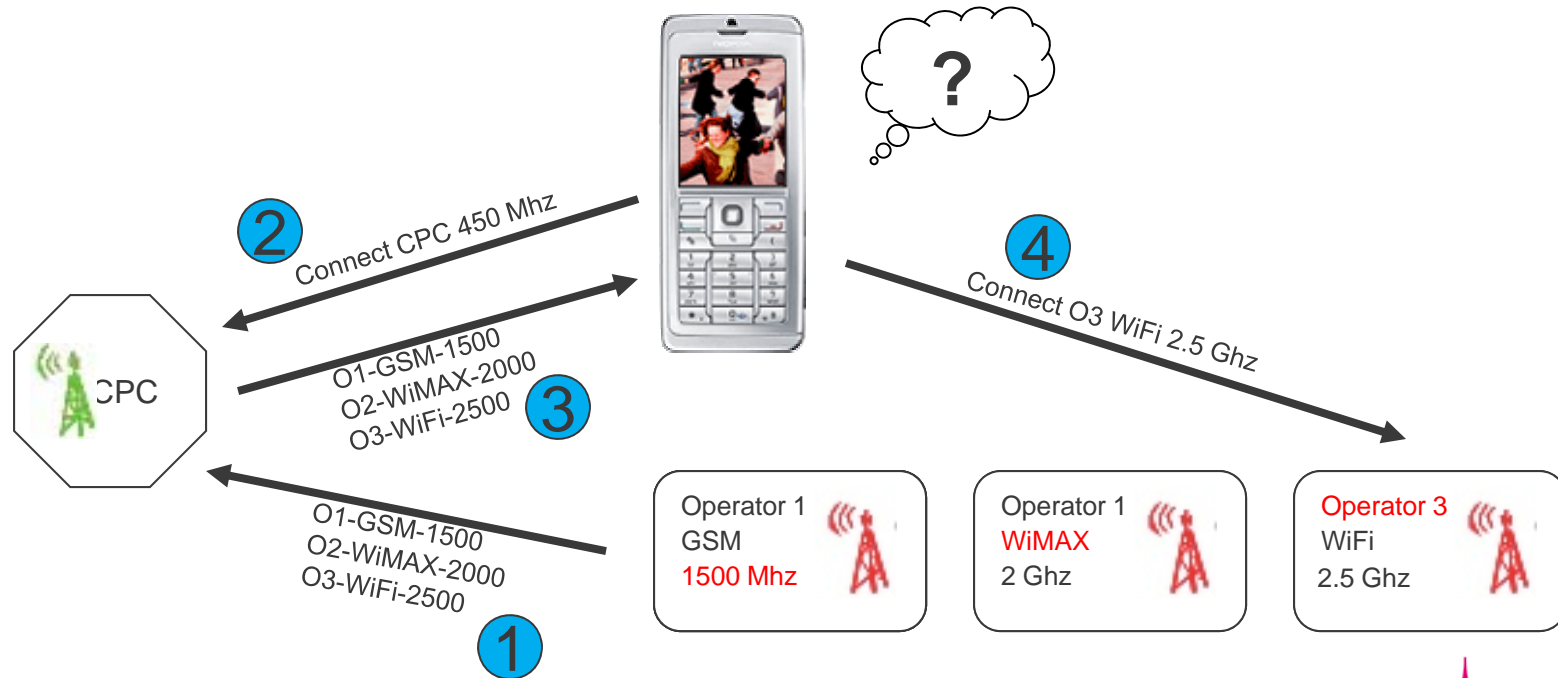
# CPC genesis

- Signalling is not new
- Research
  - E<sup>2</sup>R project (2006-2007)
  - E<sup>3</sup> project (2008-2009)
  - OneFIT project (ongoing)
- Standardization tracks set up
  - IEEE SCC41
  - ETSI RRS
- Regulatory effort: WRC

# CPC functionality



In-band vs out-band  
Start-up vs ongoing  
Broadcast vs on-demand  
Physical vs IP-based  
Mesh composition  
...



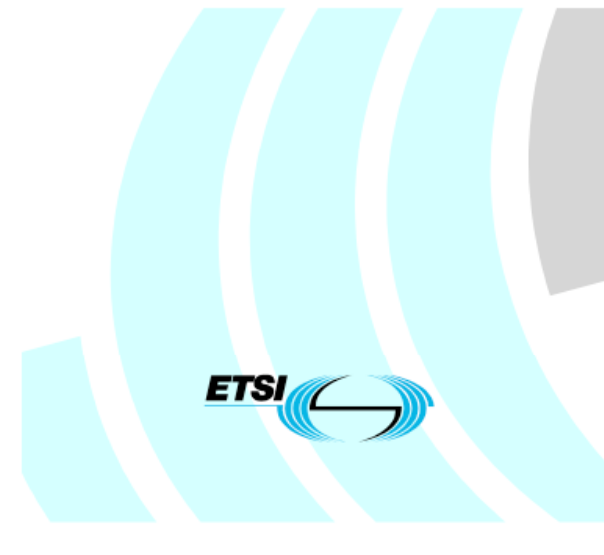
# CPC Standardization: ETSI RRS (1)

- ETSI: European Telecommunications Standardization Institute
- TC RRS, WI on CPC, TR 102 683

Draft ETSI TR 102 683 v0.1.0 (2009-7)

Technical Report

Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS);  
Cognitive Pilot Channel (CPC)



# CPC Standardization: ETSI RRS (2)

- Report contains
  - Scenarios
  - (Possible) functionalities
  - (Possible) advantages
  - Information model
  - Two ways of organising geo info
  - Out-band and in-band solution
  - Some info on GSM and WiFi as possible RATs
  - Broadcast vs on-demand

# CPC Standardization: ETSI RRS (3)

- Report recommends “possible standardization” of “certain topics”:
  - Definition and specification of physical and data link layer (L1 & L2) technologies and protocols for the out-band CPC in both downlink only and bidirectional operation. This should include the definition of the message structure and delivery procedures for cases like using the CPC concept for speeding up the start-up procedure in the context of a full DSA environment, for using the CPC as a support for secondary spectrum usage and for using the CPC as a support to radio resource management optimisation.
  - Definition and specification of message structure and delivery procedures for the in-band CPC for example to support radio resource usage optimization in the context of heterogeneous wireless environments.

# CPC Standardization: IEEE

- IEEE SCC41 1900.4
  - Established February 2007 (decision 12/06) as WG 1900.4
  - Objective: to standardize the architecture and protocols enabling a network-device distribution of decision-making in order to optimize radio resource usage.
  - Functional requirements, functional architecture, information model, scenario examples
  - CPC included as a crucial enabler for communication between terminals and networks
  - Chicago meeting October 2008: ballot successful
  - 27 February 2009: 1900.4 baseline document published
  - Work continues in two subgroups (4.1: interfaces/protocols, 4a DSA in White Space frequencies)



# Database: genesis

- TV White Space debate ← broader digital dividend discussion

Federal Communications Commission FCC 08-260

Before the  
Federal Communications Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of )  
Unlicensed Operation in the TV Broadcast Bands ) ET Docket No. 04-186  
Additional Spectrum for Unlicensed Devices ) ET Docket No. 02-380  
Below 900 MHz and in the 3 GHz Band )

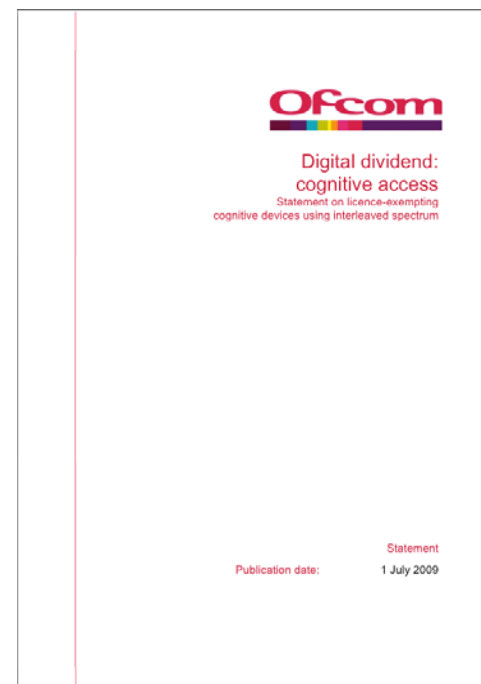
**SECOND REPORT AND ORDER AND  
MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER**

Adopted: November 4, 2008 Released: November 14, 2008

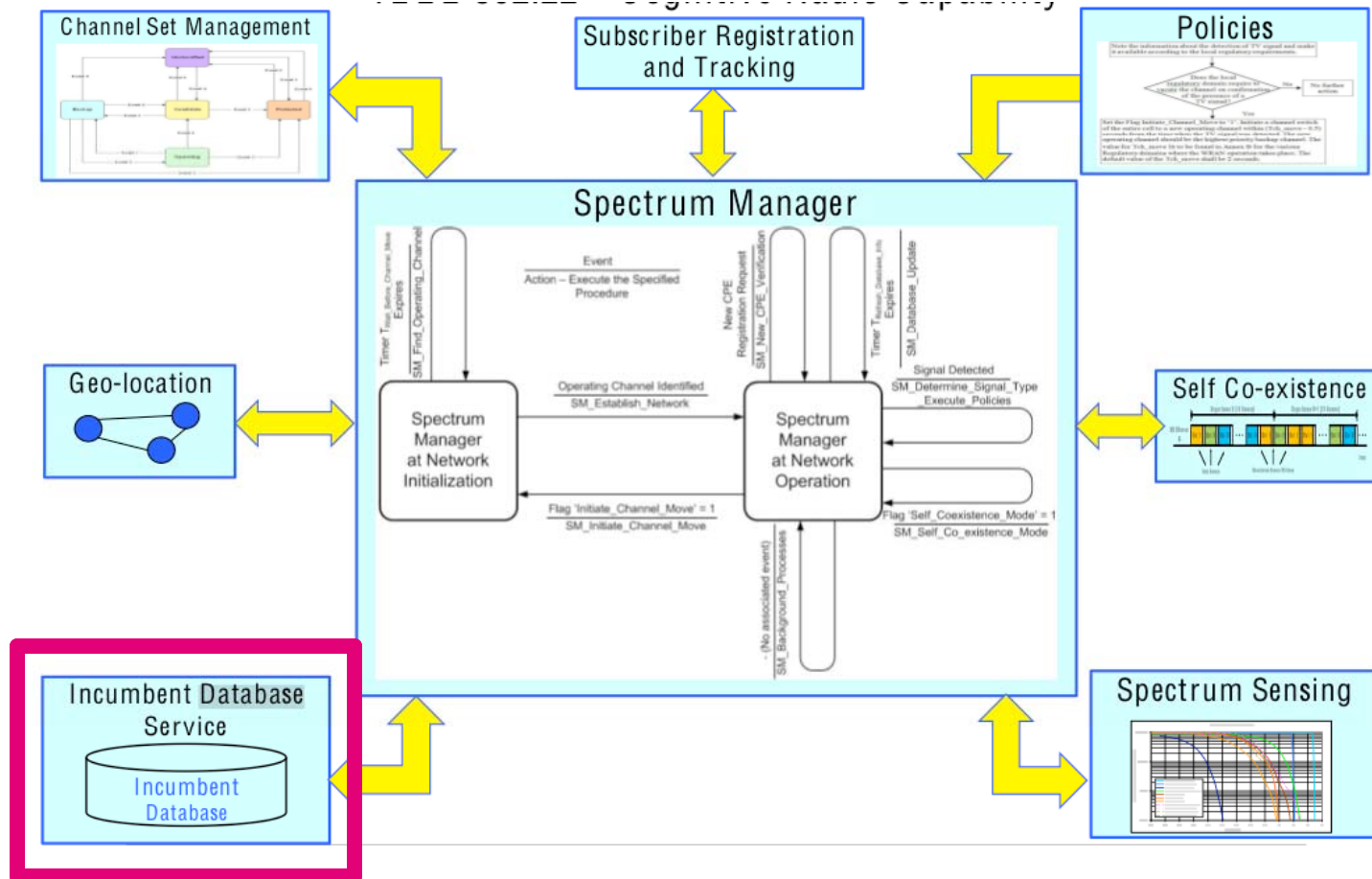
By the Commission: Chairman Martin, and Commissioners Copps, Adelstein, and McDowell issuing separate statements; Commissioner Tate approving in part, dissenting in part and issuing a statement.

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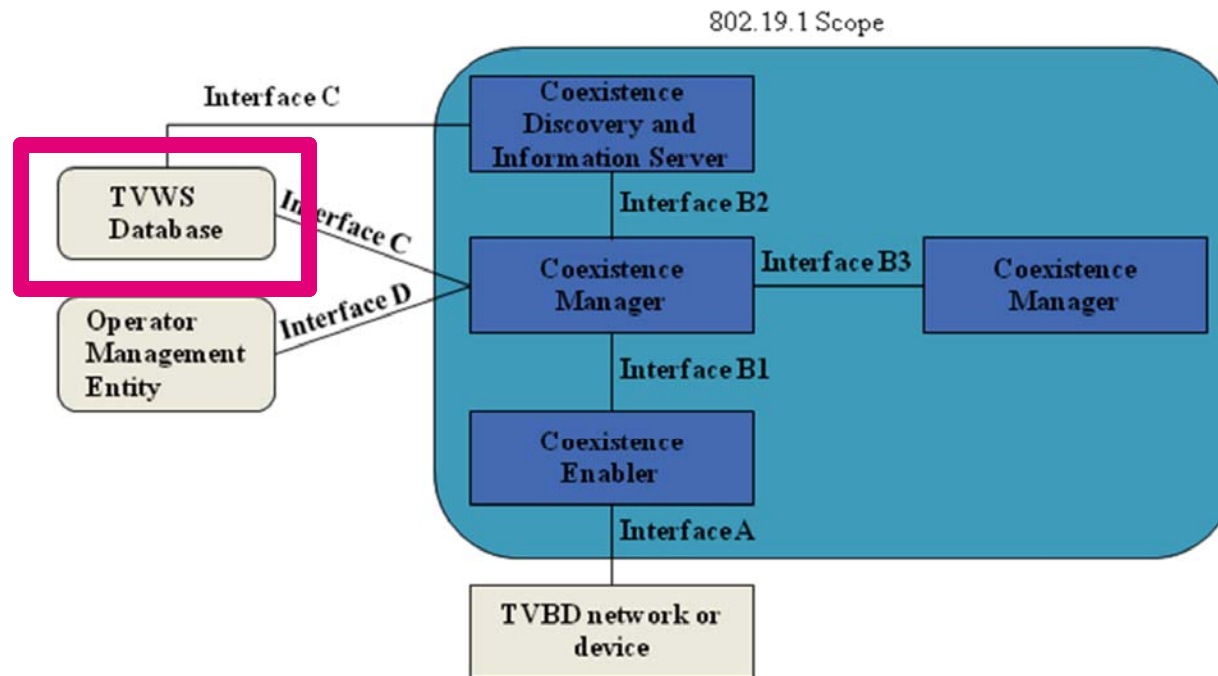


# Database: variety of forms



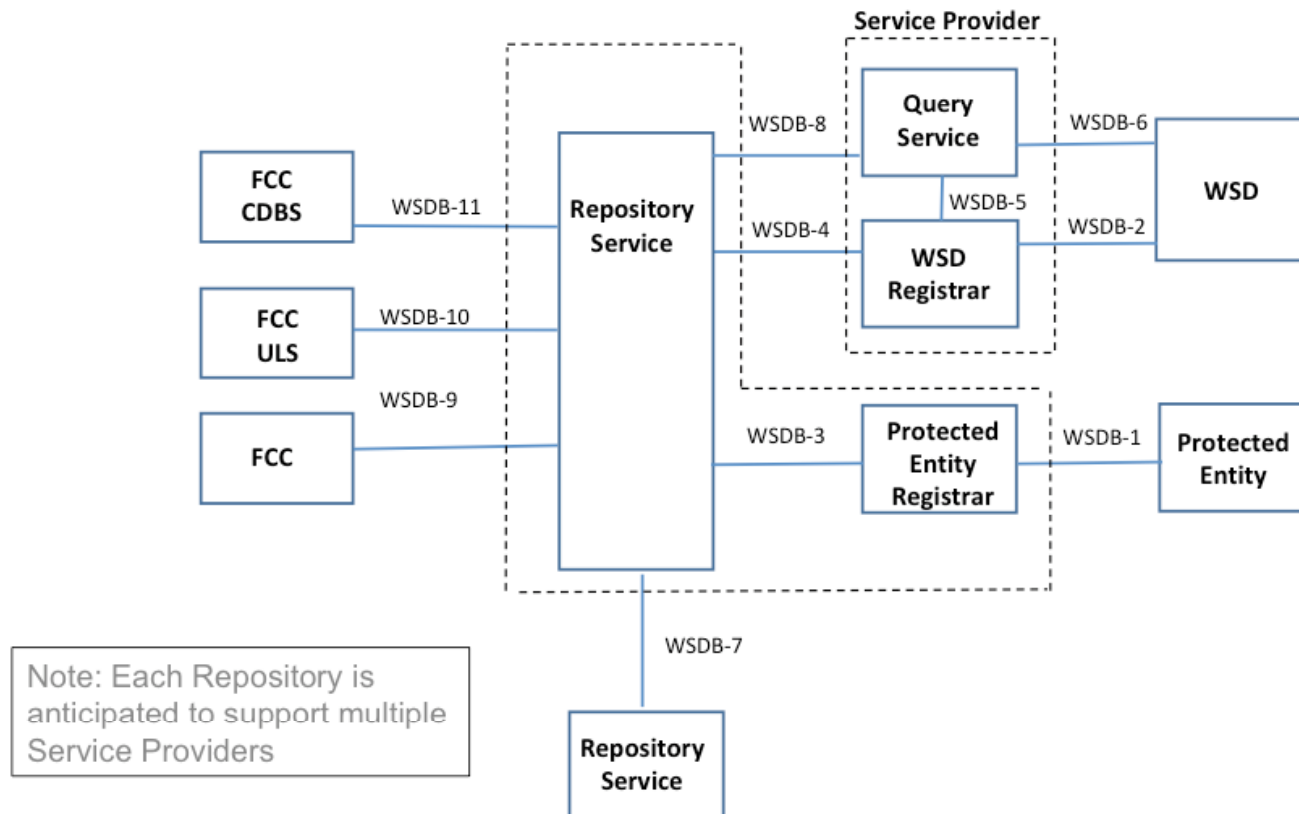
Source: Mody, A.N. & Chouinard, G. (2010). IEEE 802.22 Wireless Regional Area Networks. (doc. IEEE 822.22-10/0073r03)

# Database: variety of forms



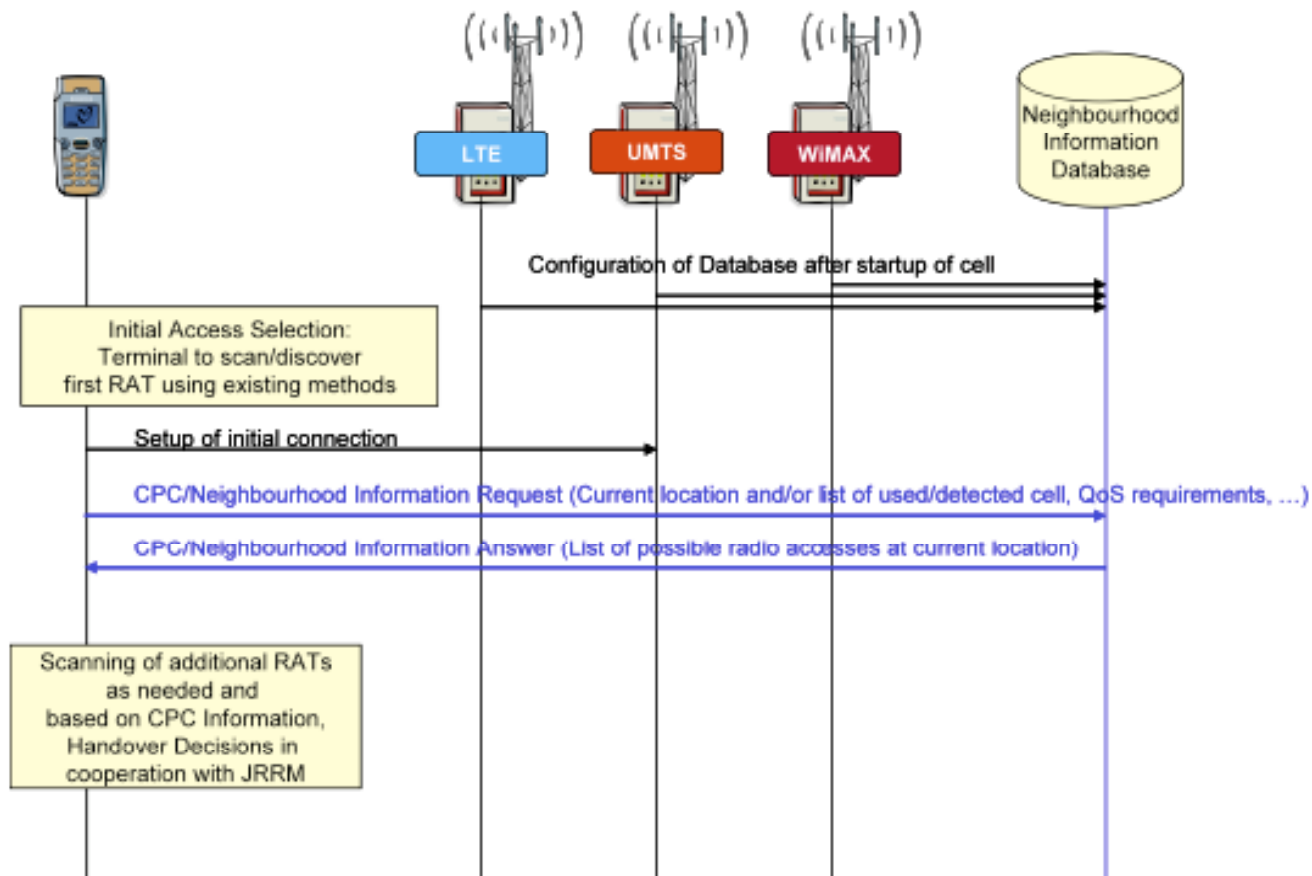
Source: Baykas, T. et al., Developing a Standard for TV White Space Coexistence: Technical Challenges and Solution Approaches, <http://www.ieee802.org/19/arc/stds-802-19list/docrnXZz7qdyI.doc>

# Database: variety of forms



Source: White Spaces Database Group *ex parte* submission dd. April 10, 2009 – Unlicensed Operation in the TV Broadcast Bands (ET Docket N° 04-186)

# Database: variety of forms



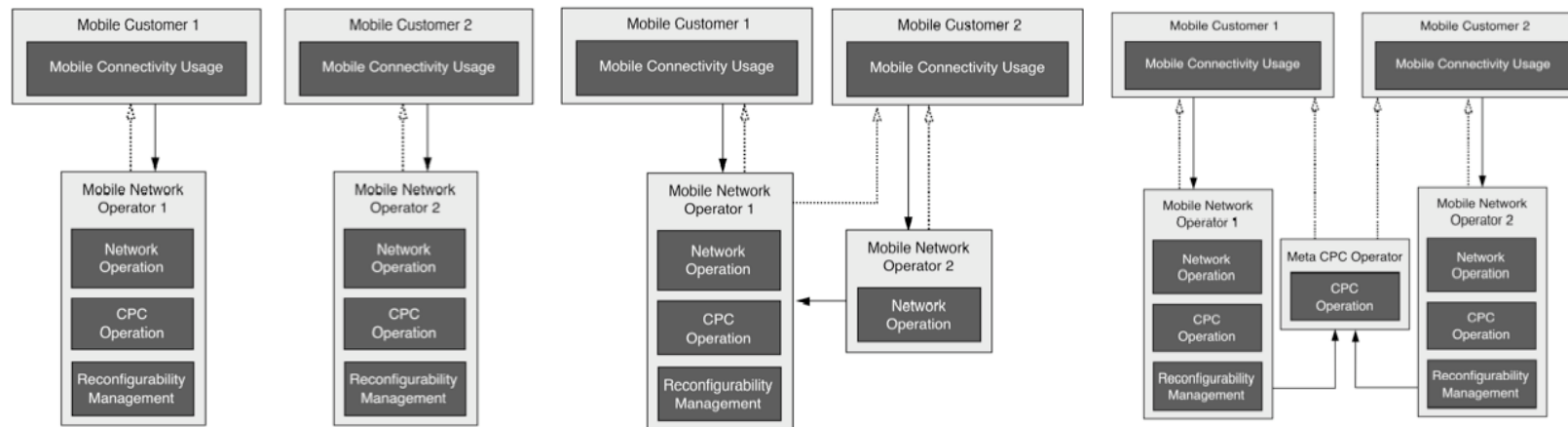
Source: ETSI TR 102 683: Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Cognitive Pilot Channel (CPC).

# Which system will prevail?

- Claim: CPC is stillborn – database alive & kicking
- Why? Combination of factors
  - Scope
    - generic DSA with cellular focus vs TVWS
    - difference in technical complexity, cost, regulatory roadmap, geography
  - Driving stakeholders + evolutions over time
    - Telcos vs IT companies: interests and expertise
    - The fate of MOTO → Alcatel Lucent introduces IP-based CPC
  - Regulatory impact
    - Links to EU regulators established, then left unused
    - Worldwide harmonization: antagonisms return (↔ database: support in US and UK)

# CPC – Business constraints

- Architectural re-design → business transformation
- Much of our work has focused on this
- Stakeholder interviews showed (EU) operators' reluctance for inter-operator CPCs → general reluctance towards extra-domain spectrum flexibility



Source: P. Ballon & S. Delaere (2009). A Central Gatekeeper for Flexible Spectrum Management: Is there a Fit between Operator, Vendor and Regulator Views? Paper presented at the 37th Research Conference on Communication, Information and Internet Policy (TPRC), Arlington (VA), 25-27 September 2009

# Consequence: CPC standardization

- ETSI RRS WG3 Cognitive Management & Control
  - Currently working on scenarios and use cases
  - “future WG3 work items may focus on cognitive management protocols like the Cognitive Pilot Channel (CPC) and Cognitive Control Radio (CCR) or may be related to databases for the UHF White Space frequency usage.” (May 2010)
  - Out-band scenarios currently frozen, in-band further researched ⇔ reality: no activity, little interest



# Consequence: CPC regulation

- ITU-R WRC11: agenda item 1.19: “to consider regulatory measures and their relevance, in order to enable the introduction of software-defined radio and cognitive radio systems, based on the results of ITU-R studies, in accordance with Resolution 956 (WRC-07)”
- Driven forward by European regulators, following research activities
- Outlook: no support for change

# Meanwhile, database progresses

## PUBLIC NOTICE

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News Media Information 202 / 418-0500  
Fax-On-Demand 202 / 418-2830



### But also

- Discussions on balance between sensing and databases
- Debate on stringent FCC rules (cf. Harrison, Mishra & Sahai @DySPAN, Motorola @ WIF TVWS summit)

Office of E  
Seekin

Proposals Date: January  
Comments on Proposals  
Replies to Comments Date:

On November 4, 2009, the Commission issued an *Opinion and Order* (Second Report and Order) regarding the use of spectrum that is unused by television “white spaces.” The Commission sought to provide broad

To prevent interference with the operation of television broadcast stations, the Commission requires that geolocation capability and interference protection, including auxiliary point-to-point facilities, be used at its location.<sup>2</sup> The Commission also requires that protected locations and databases.<sup>3</sup> The Commission requires that the operators of privately owned and operated devices and temporary TV band devices.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See *Second Report and Order*, FCC 08-16807 (2008), reconsideration pending.

<sup>2</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 15.711.

<sup>3</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 15.713(a)-(b).

<sup>4</sup> *Id.* (e.g., the locations of cable headends and low power TV receive sites that are outside the protected contours of the TV stations whose signals they receive; the locations where authorized wireless microphones and other low power auxiliary devices are used on a regular or scheduled basis).

<sup>5</sup> See 47 C.F.R. §§ 15.713-15.715 for the rules pertaining to the operation of the TV band database.

Discussion document

Publication date:

17 November 2009

Closing date for responses:

9 February 2010

# Databases pose issues as well

- Application- versus radio-oriented solution
  - Pre-supposes available data link
  - Will not work in ‘foreign’ environments
- Limited application
  - RATs involved
  - Geographical scope
  - Information conveyed
  - Real-time updates (do they allow for ‘real’ DSA?)
- Business aspects
  - Who will fund the database?
  - Will telecom stakeholders allow expansion into their domain?
  - Will database not become the same external gatekeeper role the CPC is?

# So, to work as general CR enablers...

- ...databases might have to meet CPC half way
  - Robust access: DSA environment, SDR terminals, international roaming
  - Multi-RAT service discovery: information model, propagation characteristics, possibly conditions of use
  - International agreement required?
- ...databases will need to confront similar business issues
  - Multiple commercial databases viable?
  - In case of one database, will operators trust it?
    - Cf. intermediary CPC solution discarded in our earlier research: introduces single point of failure, does not have necessary control over data, no strategic fit between stakeholders, control of customers not aligned with control of gatekeeping roles, continuous customer choice in terms of mobile access decreases instead of increases customer value
    - Debate with TV operators has already been heated, what about telcos?
  - Can TVWS operator be database operator? (cf. Google proposal)



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