

# User's Guide and Reference Manual for the VOACAP and REC533 Circuit Analysis Programs

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## ABBREVIATIONS

BoB	Bureau of Broadcasting
CCIR	International Radio Consultative Committee
CCIR91	HFBC84 prediction program modified by CCIR WP6A in 1991
<cr>	Keyboard return or enter key
<Esc>	Keyboard Esc key
<F1>	Keyboard function key number 1
<F2>	Keyboard function key number 2
<F3>	Keyboard function key number 3
<F4>	Keyboard function key number 4
HF	High frequency
HFANT	HF antenna design program
HFBC	HF broadcast conference
HFBC84	HF propagation prediction program developed at the HFBC WARC of 1984
IFRB	International Frequency Registration Board
IONCAP	Ionospheric Communications Analysis and Prediction Program
ITS	Institute for Telecommunication Sciences
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
NTIA	National Telecommunications and Information Administration
REC533	ITS's version of the CCIR Recommendation 533 HF propagation prediction program
USIA	United States Information Agency
VOA	Voice of America
VOACAP	USIA/VOA's version of IONCAP
WARC	World Administrative Radio Conference
WP6A	Working Party 6A of CCIR Study Group 6 concerned with HF propagation

**USER'S GUIDE AND REFERENCE MANUAL  
FOR THE VOACAP AND REC533 CIRCUIT ANALYSIS PROGRAMS**

Jeanne M. Ratzloff and Greg R. Hand\*

A user's guide and programmer's reference manual is presented to facilitate the use of two high frequency circuit analysis software systems called VOACAP and REC533. The guide shows how to execute the software on laptop computers and personal computers to make point-to-point predictions used to coordinate frequency assignments for broadcast planning. The guide shows how the software can be executed interactively for single circuits from menu-driven software, and for a collection of circuits in batch mode.

**Key words:** documentation; frequency assignments; high frequency; installation; propagation models; user's guide

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The software systems (models) described in this user's guide and reference manual incorporate two high frequency (HF) prediction propagation models for use on laptop and personal computers (PCs). The models are VOACAP, the Voice of America's (VOA) version of the Ionospheric Communications Analysis and Prediction Program (IONCAP); and REC533, the International Radio Consultative Committee's (CCIR) Recommendation 533 HF prediction program (CCIR, 1992). REC533 represents the improved HF propagation prediction method to be used in the future for the HF bands allocated exclusively to the broadcasting service called for in

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Recommendation Number 514 of the Final Acts of the World Administration Radio Conference for the Planning of the HF Bands Allocated to the Broadcasting Service (ITU, 1987). The HF Broadcast WARC<sub>s</sub>, (ITU, 1984, 1987), developed the underlying technical parameters that form the basis for REC533.

These models predict the expected performance of HF broadcast systems, and in doing so are useful in the planning and operation of HF transmissions for the four seasons, different sunspot activities, hours of the day, and geographic location.

REC533 is the most recent (CCIR, 1992) computerized model created by Working Party 6A (WP6A) of CCIR Study Group 6. It was created by modifying the previous CCIR-accepted propagation model Report 894 (REP894), which was an improvement upon the technical standards developed by the HF Broadcast WARC<sub>s</sub> (op cit). Comparing these models using data from the CCIR Data Bank D1 showed REC533 was a significant improvement over REP894.

This user's guide is concise and practical, written with the assumption that anyone executing these programs has a basic understanding of HF radio broadcasting, the two propagation prediction models, and the disc operating system (DOS) Version 5.0. Further information about HF radio propagation can be found in Davies (1990). Additional information about the two models can be found in Teters (1983), ITU (1984, 1987), and CCIR (1992).

This guide is organized to provide users with the information needed to install, execute, and receive the calculated results as tables or graphic figures for VOACAP and/or REC533. Section 2

describes hardware and system configuration requirements for the two computer programs. Section 3 explains how to install the programs. A list of the provided compressed files and a brief description of the subdirectories found in these files is given. The files that may be deleted by the user are also described. Section 4 describes VOACAP execution, including the input screen, the input parameters, and the options menu. Section 5 describes REC533 program execution, focusing on just the program differences from VOACAP. Section 6 describes how to release the memory-resident program **FLRUN** if the program terminates abnormally. Further information is provided in the appendices. Appendix A contains the listing of the **read.me** file found on the system diskettes. This file provides a summary of the actions needed to install and execute the program files successfully. Appendices B and C list all HELP windows for VOACAP and REC533. Finally, Appendix D contains all the output reports generated using the default parameters of the two models.

## **2. COMPUTER IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS**

The VOACAP and REC533 software require either an IBM compatible personal computer or an IBM 386SX laptop computer. The operating system must be DOS Version 5.0 or later.

### **2.1 Hardware Requirements**

The HF propagation prediction programs require a video graphics array (VGA) color graphics monitor to display the graphics correctly. If executed on a laptop computer, the graphics will be displayed in shades of gray.

To execute the programs efficiently, the computer must have a 80287 or 80387 (or compatible) math co-processor. Running these programs on a computer that does not have a math co-processor slows execution time drastically.

The programs and data files require nine megabytes (MB) of hard disk storage. The files created during program execution may require another one MB of storage. Therefore, a minimum of 10 MB of hard disk storage is required. VOACAP requires 520 kilobytes (kB) of random access memory (RAM), while REC533 requires only 370 kB of RAM to execute.

The programs have been designed to optionally produce hard copies on a Hewlett Packard LaserJet printer which has been configured to LPT1.

## **2.2 System Configuration**

The computer system must be configured as follows:

File **CONFIG.SYS** must have "ANSI.SYS" defined as a device.

Edit **CONFIG.SYS**, if necessary, to include the following:

```
DEVICE=C:\DOS\ANSI.SYS
```

All batch and executable files reside in a subdirectory ..\BIN. For these files to be found, this directory must be added to the path environment variable before program execution. The file **AUTOEXEC.BAT**, found in the root directory (C:\), can be edited to include ..\BIN in the PATH line. For this change to take affect, the file must be changed and the computer rebooted.

VOACAP's executable program, **VOACAPP.EXE** will not load unless the largest executable program size is at least 520 kilobytes (kB). To verify that the largest executable program size is sufficient, type the following:

```
MEM/C <cr>
```

Included in the information displayed on the computer screen will be the following line:

```
Largest executable program size: ***** (***.*K)
```

The \*s are replaced with the largest executable program size currently allowed on your computer. If this number is less than 520 kB reference your DOS manual for a method to increase the executable program size.

### **3. PROGRAM INSTALLATION**

The following is a step-by-step explanation of how to install the HF prediction models VOACAP and REC533. The installation directory has been chosen for ease of explanation, the name of this directory can be changed to suit individual user needs.

A directory for file storage and program execution must be created. In this example, the directory name ITSHFBC is created by typing the DOS command

```
MKDIR ITSHFBC <cr>
```

The name ITSHFBC can be any name chosen by the user. It may also exist on any hard disk the user desires (e.g., C:, D:, etc). All software is installed in this directory.

Next the user moves into directory ITSHFBC by typing

```
CD ITSHFBC <cr>
```

NOTE: At this time the user can type "DIR <cr>" to check that the current directory is ITSHFBC, and that this directory is empty.

The files on the two 3.5-inch diskettes provided (labeled Number 1 and Number 2) must be copied into directory **ITSHFBC**. Type the following command:

```
COPY A:*.* <cr>
```

NOTE: The floppy disk drive designated above as "A" can be designated as "B" if required by the computer's configuration.

Directory **ITSHFBC** should now contain files **HFBC1.EXE**, **HFBC2.EXE**, and **READ.ME**. File **READ.ME** contains useful information concerning program installation and execution. Please read this file before proceeding. A copy of **READ.ME** can be found in Appendix A. **HFBC1.EXE** and **HFBC2.EXE** are in a compressed self-exploding format and contain subdirectories and files. To uncompress the files enter the following:

```
HFBC1 -d -o -n <cr>
```

```
HFBC2 -d -o -n <cr>
```

See Table 1 for a list of the subdirectories contained on each compressed file.

Table 1. Subdirectories Contained in Compressed Files

COMPRESSED FILE	SUBDIRECTORY	SUBDIRECTORY DESCRIPTION
HFBC1.EXE	BIN	All executable, command, and batch files
	RASTER	Bitmap graphics image files that can be copied to HP LaserJet printers
	RUN	Directory from which user executes programs
HFBC2.EXE	ANTFILES	HF antenna description files
	DATABASE	Data base files
	FONTS	Graphic fonts
	SAVED	User-saved Circuit data files
	SCODE	TEXT and HELP screens
	NEWS	NEWS text files describing recent program modifications

Typing DIR should now produce the following list on the monitor:

Directory of C:\ITSHFBC

.		<DIR>	06-23-92	5:14p
..		<DIR>	06-23-92	5:14p
ANTFILES		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
BIN		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:03p
DATABASE		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:03p
FONTS		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
HFBC1	EXE	1059264	11-03-92	10:24a
HFBC2	EXE	847674	11-03-92	10:28a
NEWS				
RASTER		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
READ	ME	9403	11-03-92	10:29a
RUN		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
SAVED		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
SCODE		<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p

### 3.1 File Management

The user must execute all programs from the subdirectory **RUN**; this will cause all temporary output files to be written to this directory, making file management easier. All files in the subdirectory **RUN** may be considered temporary and can be deleted.

The only files which may be deleted are contained in subdirectories **RUN**, **RASTER**, and **SAVED**; all other subdirectories contain vital data and executable programs.

The files in the subdirectory **RASTER** are screen image bitmap files used for creating graphics on a printer. These files may also be deleted by the user at any time.

The files in the subdirectory **SAVED** are text data files that have been saved with the **SAVE DATA** option and are retrievable with the **RETRIEVE DATA** option described later. These files may be deleted at the user's discretion. The files **DEFAULT.VOA** and **DEFAULT.REC** contain the default input data for the models and should not be deleted.

Files the user may wish to customize are listed in Table 2. The fields and sorted order of these files must be maintained.

Table 2. Files in Subdirectory **DATABASE** that may be Customized

FILENAME	FILE FUNCTION
FREQS3.DEF	Default frequencies when <F3> key is entered.
CIRCUITS.DAT	Transmitter-to-receiver circuits with latitudes/longitudes, antennas, and power information.
RECEIVE.DAT	Receiver latitudes/longitudes/names.
TRANSMIT.DAT	Transmitter latitudes/longitudes/names.

#### 4. PROGRAM EXECUTION

The flow of each propagation model (VOACAP and REC533) has been modularized into three stages of general program execution: input, calculation, and output. The execution of each model is controlled by its associated .BAT file. Table 3 identifies the names of the programs controlling model execution.

Table 3. Programs Controlling Model Execution

MODEL NAME	VOACAP	REC533
.BAT FILE FLOW CONTROL	VOACAP.BAT	REC533.BAT
DATA INPUT PROGRAM	VOAINP.EXE	REC533IN.EXE
PROPAGATION CALCULATIONS	VOACAPP.EXE	REC533P.EXE
VIEW CIRCUIT OUTPUT	SCROLL.EXE	SCROLL.EXE
VIEW GRAPHIC OUTPUT	PERFORM.EXE	PERFORM.EXE

All models must be executed from the directory \ITSHFBC\RUN. To move into this directory, type

```
CD \ITSHFBC\RUN <cr>
```

To begin model execution type the appropriate model name:

```
VOACAP - to execute VOACAP  
REC533 - to execute REC533
```

The following discussion, although general in nature and valid for both models, gives specific examples for VOACAP.

#### **4.1 Input Screen**

After "VOACAP" has been entered to begin program execution, the VOACAP input data screen shown in Figure 1 will appear on the computer screen. The parameters shown on the computer screen are those used the last time the model was executed. If this is the first execution, internally defined values are used. (These values are the same as those that may be obtained with the "Retrieve data" option discussed in Section 4.2.4 by retrieving the appropriate default files (**DEFAULT.VOA** or **DEFAULT.REC**) for the model.)

The parameters that may be modified by the user are displayed on the computer screen with a gray background and black lettering (in this user's guide, they are printed with a black background and white lettering). To accept all the input data displayed, press <Esc>. To modify the data, use the arrow and tab keys to cycle through the input screen, modifying the parameters as necessary.

METHOD	<b>[16] = System performance (S.P.)</b>
MONTH (1992)	<b>[6]</b>
SunSpot Number	<b>=100</b>
TIME From	<b>[1]</b> to <b>24</b> by <b>1hour</b>
TRANSMITTER	<b>Lat: 35.80N Lon: 5.90W TANGIER, Morocco</b>
RECEIVER	<b>Lat: 44.90N Lon: 20.50E BELGRADE</b>
Distance: <b>2439.8 km 1317.4 nmi 1516.0 miles</b>	
Azimuth : <b>57.4 deg</b>	
FREQ(KHz)	<b>6075 7200 9700 11850 13700 15350 17725 21650 25885</b>
Xmit	<b>ManMade</b>
SYSTEM	<b>=500.00kW -3 3.00deg 50% 55dB 10.00dB 0.85 millisecl</b>
S/N Decile [M/L]	<b>[1] = Median=50%</b>
ANTENNA:	<b># Min Max Design Index Model Description MainBeam</b>
Xmit[1]:	<b>1 2 30 .000 -1 VOACAP CONST 17dB .0</b>
<b>METHOD</b>	
Specify METHOD [1-30] to use.	
NTIA/ITS PC-VOACAP INPUT DATA	Hit "esc" to accept data
Version 3 Dec92	
Hit <F2> for list.	

Figure 1. VOACAP data input screen.

The cursor appears in the first parameter near the top-left portion of the screen. A green HELP window will appear on the lower-right portion of the screen describing the input field the cursor currently occupies. The HELP window provides information on how to modify the parameter of interest (e.g., valid range, input format, and active function keys). All input screen HELP windows are shown in Appendix B (VOACAP) and Appendix C (REC533). If a value outside of the expected range is entered, an error message will appear at the bottom of the screen and the user will be requested to re-enter the value. Similarly, if an illegal character is entered (e.g., a letter in a numeric field), a message will again appear at the bottom of the screen. To skip past

parameters, the user can enter a <cr>, use the arrow keys  $\leftarrow \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow$ , or the <tab> (right) and <shift-tab> (left) keys to position the cursor in the appropriate field. The HELP windows can be toggled on and off as wished by pressing the <F1> function key.

One of the more complicated parameters, TRANSMITTER Latitude, will be used to demonstrate how to modify a parameter.

Figure 2 represents the computer screen that appears when the cursor is within the transmitter latitude field.

METHOD [1] = System performance (S.P.)												
MONTH (1992) = 6												
SunSpot Number=100												
TIME From [1 to 24 by 1hour	U/L	J	= UT	at Transmitter								
TRANSMITTER = Lat: 35.80N	Lon: 5.90W	TANGIER, Morocco										
RECEIVER = Lat: 44.90N	Lon: 20.50E	BELGRADE										
Distance: 2439.8 km 1317.4 nmi 1516.0 miles												
Azimuth : 57.4 deg												
FREQ(KHz) = 6075 7200 9700 11850 13700 15350 17725 21650 25885												
Xmit	ManMade	Minimum	Req	Req	Multipath	Multipath						
SYSTEM = 500.00kW	-3	3.00deg	50%									
Power	Noise	Angle	Rel									
S/M Decile [M/L] = 1 = Median=50%												
ANTENNA: # Min Max Design Index Model Desc												
Xmit[1]: 1 2 30 .000 -1 VOACAP CONS												
Receive: RecAnt. [1] = Std SWWhip= 18=.,\												
NTIA/ITS PC-VOACAP INPUT DATA		Hit <esc> to accept data		Vers	Transmitter LATITUDE Input the transmitter latitude of the form: North dd.dddd dd.dddd ddMmm ddSmm ddMmm'ss ddSmm'ss  •F2• to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT •F3• to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT							

Figure 2. Transmitter latitude input screen.

Because global coordinates often appear in two formats (degrees-minutes-seconds or decimal degrees), data is accepted in either format. Thus, equivalent values for latitude may be: 30.25,

30.25n, 30N15, 30n15, 30n15'00 or even -30s15. The value of latitude will always be converted and displayed as decimal degrees (e.g., 30.25N).

Since the latitude, longitude, and name of a transmitter location rarely change, these values may be retrieved from the data file ..\DATABASE\TRANSMIT.DAT. The user may edit this file to include all desired transmitter locations. As the HELP window indicates, pressing the <F2> function key will allow the user to select from the file TRANSMIT.DAT, as shown in Figure 3. To select a transmitter from this file, use the arrow keys ( $\uparrow$   $\downarrow$ ), or PageUp (PgUp) and PageDown (PgDn) keys to highlight the transmitter desired. In a large file of transmitters, the first letter of a transmitter name may be entered, causing the first name with that letter to be highlighted. TRANSMIT.DAT must be maintained in alphabetical order for this feature to continue to work. To select the highlighted transmitter, press <cr>. To return to the input screen without selecting a transmitter, press <Esc>. TRANSMIT.DAT is a simple ASCII text file that may be changed with any text editor. The latitude and longitude in this file must be in the form degrees[N/S]minutes (e.g., 39N10, 84W30).

CHOOSE TRANSMITTER LOCATION		
Transmitter name	Latitude	Longitude
ASCENSION ISLAND	7S57	14W22
CINCINNATI, Ohio	39N10	84W30
COLOMBO, Ceylon	6N54	79E48
DELANO, California	35N45	119W10
GREENVILLE, N.C.	35N36	77W24
KAVALA, Greece	40N53	24E50
KIEV, USSR	50N30	30E30
MONROVIA, Liberia	6N30	11W 0
MUNICH, Germany	48N 6	11E36
RHODES, Greece	36N18	28E 0
TANGIER, Morocco	35N48	5W54
TBILISI, USSR	41N48	44E48
TINANG, Philippines	15N22	120E38
WOOFFERTON, England	51N30	0W 6

Figure 3. TRANSMIT.DAT transmitter data file.

The <F3> function key will allow selection from the file ..\CIRCUITS.DAT; this file contains transmitter-receiver-antenna information. After the <F3> key has been pressed, the computer screen will change, as shown in Figure 4. Please note that antenna information is not displayed on this screen. As described above, the arrow keys, PgUp, and PgDn keys are used to highlight the desired circuit. Entering a <cr> selects a circuit, or pressing the <Esc> key returns to the previous screen without making a selection. If a circuit is selected, the antenna parameters are also changed.

CHOOSE TRANSMITTER <> RECEIVER CIRCUIT to USE						
TRANSMITTER name	Lat	Long	<>	RECEIVER name	Lat	Long
<>						
ASCENSION ISLAND	7S57	14W22	<>	BUENOS AIRES, AR.	34S35	58W22
ASCENSION ISLAND	7S57	14W22	<>	CAPETOWN, S.AFRICA	33S55	18E22
ASCENSION ISLAND	7S57	14W22	<>	RIO DE JAN., BRAZIL	23S00	43W20
ASCENSION ISLAND	7S57	14W22	<>	SANTIAGO, CHILE	33S28	70W45
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	AZORES	37N44	29W26
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	BOTSWANA	22S00	27E04
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	HAVANA, CUBA	23N06	82W24
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	MCMURDO SOUND	77S42	167W00
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	MONROVIA, LIBERIA	6N30	11W00
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	NAIROBI, KENYA	1S18	36E48
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	NEWFOUNDLAND	47N10	52W40
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	PANAMA CITY, PANAMA	9N06	79W42
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	SAN JUAN, P.R.	18N29	66W08
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	SANTIAGO, CHILE	33S30	70W48
CINCINNATI, OHIO	39N10	84W30	<>	TANGIER, MOROCCO	35N48	5W54

Figure 4. CIRCUITS.DAT circuit data file.

The parameters MONTH, Sunspot Number, and FREQ (KHz) contain a variable number of values. If two month values exist, two circuits will be calculated for all frequencies entered. If two months and two Sunspot numbers exist, four circuits will be calculated for all frequencies entered. For any graphics plots (GRAPH VOACAP, described later), only the first MONTH and Sunspot Number are used.

When an array of these parameters is modified, sorted order is maintained and duplicates are removed. Changing a value to zero removes it from the list. To insert a new value, position the cursor in one of the blank fields and enter the new value. The array is then sorted and re-displayed.

Changing the transmitter antenna parameters is done differently in VOACAP than in REC533. VOACAP provides the ability to define up to 10 different antennas for a circuit. REC533 allows a maximum of 5 antennas, which are displayed on the main data input screen. Figure 5 contains the list of supplied CCIR antennas. This can be amended by using the HFANT program. The HFANT program is a self-documented, user-friendly program which is executed as explained in Appendix A.

CHOOSE CCIR TRANSMIT ANTENNA TYPE TO USE		
Filename	Type	Description
CCIR.00	[ 0]	ISOTROPE
CCIR.01	[ 2]	HR 4/4/1
CCIR.02	[ 2]	HR 4/4/.8
CCIR.03	[ 2]	HR 4/4/.5
CCIR.04	[ 2]	HR 4/3/.5
CCIR.05	[ 2]	HR 4/2/.5
CCIR.06	[ 2]	HR 4/2/.3
CCIR.07	[ 2]	HR 2/4/1
CCIR.08	[ 2]	HR 2/4/.8
CCIR.09	[ 2]	HR 2/4/.5
CCIR.10	[ 2]	HR 2/3/.5
CCIR.11	[ 2]	HR 2/2/.5
CCIR.12	[ 2]	HR 2/2/.3
CCIR.13	[ 2]	HR 2/1/.5
CCIR.14	[ 2]	HR 2/1/.3
CCIR.15	[ 2]	HR 1/2/.5
CCIR.16	[ 2]	HR 1/2/.3
CCIR.17	[ 2]	HR 1/1/.5
CCIR.18	[ 2]	HR 1/1/.3
CCIR.19	[ 4]	TR 2/1/.5
CCIR.20	[ 4]	TR 2/1/.3
CCIR.21	[ 4]	TR 1/2/.5
CCIR.22	[ 4]	TR 1/2/.3
CCIR.23	[ 4]	TR 1/1/.5
CCIR.24	[ 4]	TR 1/1/.3
CCIR.25	[ 8]	Omni 4dB [HQ 1/.3]

Figure 5. Supplied CCIR antennas.

The following discusses the purpose of using multiple transmitter antennas. For very general studies where little information about the antenna is known, a generic antenna may be defined with no design frequency (e.g., HR 4/4/.5). In this instance, for every frequency calculated, the design frequency would be set equal to the operating frequency (an idealized antenna). In reality, this situation does not occur. One antenna is not valid for all frequencies from 2 to 30 MHz. Thus, if a more accurate model of an existing antenna is desired, the user can specify the frequency range for which each antenna is valid. Specifications may also be given for the design frequency (if known), and the main beam direction in degrees from North, i.e., azimuth in True bearing (T). For example, it may be that at one antenna site, there exists three physical antennas: an HR 4/4/1 valid for 2-10 MHz with main beam 45° T, an HR 4/4/.5 valid for 10-20 MHz with main beam 70° T, and an HR 2/4/.5 valid for 20-30 MHz with main beam 60° T.

For VOACAP, antennas may be selected from a list of IONCAP antennas (..\DATABASE\VOAXMTR.DAT), or from pre-defined CCIR antennas located in the directory ..\ANTFILES. Antennas referenced with a negative index are IONCAP antennas. Positive values reference CCIR antennas. New CCIR antennas may be defined by running the program HFANT. REC533 may select from the CCIR antennas only. To add new antennas to the VOAXMTR.DAT data file, the user should be familiar with IONCAP antenna definitions (Teters, 1983).

## 4.2 VOACAP Options Menu

To accept the parameters on the VOACAP data input screen, press the <Esc> key. The screen will change to Figure 6.

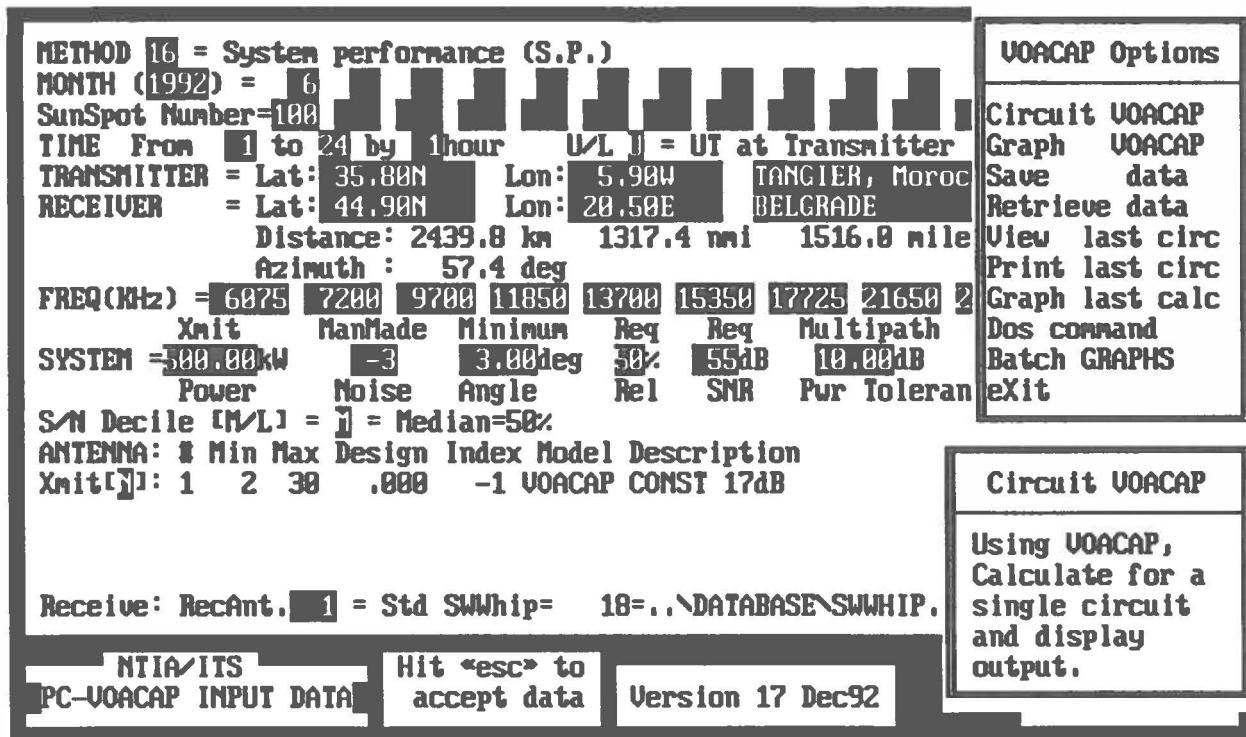


Figure 6. VOACAP options menu.

The arrow keys ( $\uparrow \downarrow$ ) are used to select one of the options. In addition to the arrow keys, the following keys/letters (upper or lower case) can be entered to execute the corresponding command:

<Esc>	= Edit
c	= Circuit
g	= Graph
s	= Save data
r	= Retrieve data
v	= View last circuit
p	= Print last circuit
d	= DOS command
x	= eXit program

#### **4.2.1. Circuit VOACAP Menu Option**

If the menu option "Circuit VOACAP" is selected, the program **VOACAPP.EXE** executes and produces a line-printer style report. The report is displayed to the computer screen by the program **SCROLL.EXE**. Use the arrow keys ( $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ ) to move up, down, right, and left, and the PgUp and PgDn keys to page through the report. The **<Esc>** key will return to the data input screen. See Appendix D in this user's guide for a copy of the report using the input parameters defined in file **DEFAULT.VOA** and shown as the input parameters in this user's guide. This current report is stored in file **VOACAPX.OUT**, located in subdirectory **RUN**. Input data containing multiple MONTH and Sunspot Number values will produce a larger report containing results for all combinations.

#### **4.2.2 Graph VOACAP Menu Option**

The menu option "Graph VOACAP" uses VOACAP to calculate the results for all 24 hours and all integer frequencies from 2 to 30 MHz.

Once this calculation has completed, the menu shown in Figure 7 is displayed on the computer screen. The arrow keys are used to select which parameter to graph. Parameter options are

- Field strength
- Reliability
- Signal-to-noise ratio
- Table output
- "All of the above"

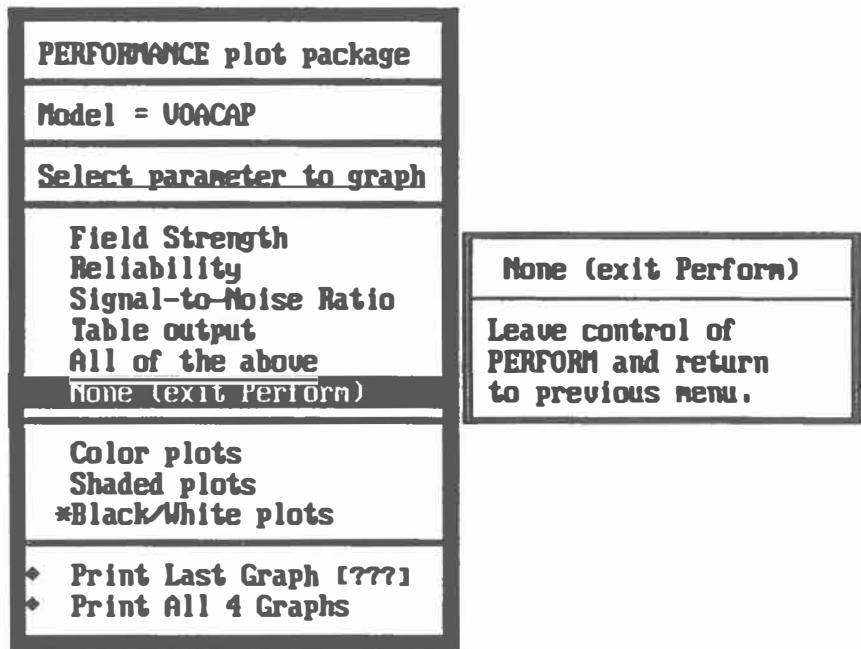


Figure 7. PERFORMANCE plot package.

Each of these options displays the output to the computer screen. Output style may be changed by selecting one of: Color, Shaded, Black/White. The user can then select to print all four graphs or just the last graph that was displayed to the computer screen. Color displays, while visually more appealing, cannot be printed to black and white printers. The output file **VOACAPG.OUT** contains all the results used to create these plots. See Appendix D for a listing of all graphs using default input parameters.

To return to the data input screen, press <Esc>, or use the arrow keys to select "None (exit Perform)" and enter a <cr>.

#### **4.2.3 Save Data**

The VOACAP data can be saved on a file specified by the user. This option allows the user to save input files and later retrieve these files for program execution, eliminating the need to regenerate repeatedly used input parameters. If a filename exists with the same name as the one being specified, the old file will be replaced. The filename specified automatically has .VOA (.REC for REC533) appended to it and is saved in the directory ..\SAVED. A maximum of 8 characters may be given to a filename (a DOS limitation).

#### **4.2.4 Retrieve Data**

This option allows the user to retrieve a previously saved data set. The file will be located in the directory ..\SAVED. Also located in this directory are files named DEFAULTS.xxx. These files contain input parameters that can be used when the user wants to execute or demonstrate the models.

#### **4.2.5 View Last Circuit**

The "View last circ" menu option displays the last circuit output report generated. The filename used to generate this circuit is listed in the HELP menu on the lower-right of the computer screen.

#### **4.2.6 Print Last Circuit**

The "Print last circ" menu option prints the last circuit generated with the DOS command: PRINT filename. Again, the filename is listed in the HELP menu.

#### **4.2.7 Graph Last Calculations**

The "Graph last calc" menu option displays the PERFORMANCE plot package menu, as shown in Figure 7 and described in Section 4.2.2. This option will use the last completed calculation to generate printouts or graphs to the computer screen.

#### **4.2.8 DOS Command**

The "Dos command" option allows the user to access the DOS operating system. To return to VOACAP, type "exit."

If, while executing DOS commands, the current directory is changed, the user should return to the RUN directory before typing "exit." Failure to do so will cause the programs to abort.

#### **4.2.9 Batch GRAPHS**

Batch GRAPHS allows the user to select a subset from the CIRCUITS.DAT file to be used in plot generation.

The MONTH, Sunspot Number, and all SYSTEM parameters (except transmitter power) are user-defined on the input screen, as described in Section 4 of this user's guide.

An asterisk to the left of a circuit name indicates the circuit has been selected.

Enter <F2> to select all the transmitters and receiver circuits found in the CIRCUITS.DAT file. If all circuits are currently selected, <F2> will inactivate their selection.

To select/deselect a circuit, use the arrow keys to high-light a circuit and press <cr>.

To begin batch processing, press <F3>. Once this is done, each circuit that has been selected will be processed and the plots automatically dumped to LPT1. An HP LaserJet printer must be on-line. When all circuits have been processed, control will return to DOS.

The <Esc> key will abort processing and return to the input data screen.

#### 4.2.10 EXIT Command

The "eXit" command will exit the control of the .BAT file and return control to DOS.

## **5. REC533 INTERACTIVE PROGRAM EXECUTION**

Many of the input parameters and the menu options of REC533 are the same as those of VOACAP. Therefore, only REC533 procedures and parameters different from VOACAP are described here (please refer to Section 4, replacing all occurrences of VOACAP with REC533).

To move into the execution directory, type

```
CD \ITSHFBC\RUN <cr>
```

To begin program execution, enter

```
REC533 <cr>
```

Figure 8 represents the initial REC533 data input display. Refer to Appendix C, the REC533 Input Data HELP Windows, for definitions of the input data variables.

The input data can be modified, or accepted as is by entering the <Esc> key. The REC533 option menu is the same as the VOACAP options menu (refer to Section 4.2 for an explanation of the various options).

REC533 CIRCUIT ANALYSIS PROGRAM										
MONTH (1992) =	6									
SunSpot Number =	180									
TIME From	1	to 24	by 1 hour	UT at Transmitter						
TRANSMITTER =	Lat: 35.80N	Lon: 5.90W		TANGIER, Morocco						
RECEIVER =	Lat: 44.90N	Lon: 20.50E		BELGRADE						
Distance: 2439.8 km 1317.4 nmi 1516.0 miles										
Azimuth : 57.4 deg										
FREQ(KHz) =	6075	7200	9700	11850	13700	15350	17725	21650	25885	
Xmit	ManMade	Minimum	S/N	Req	Receiver					
SYSTEM =	500.00kW	-3	3.00deg	50%	55dB	6000Hz				
Power		Noise	Angle	Days	SNR	Bandwidth				
TRANSMIT	Frequencies									
ANTENNA:	#	Min	Max	Design	Index	Description		MainBeam		
	1	2	30	0.000	3	HR 4/4/.5		57.4		
NTIA/ITS REC533 INPUT DATA										
Hit "esc" to accept data										
Version 3 Dec92										
YEAR										
Input YEAR of run. Must be in range [ 1980 - 2100 ].										

Figure 8. REC533 data input screen.

## **6. ABNORMAL PROGRAM TERMINATION**

If a program terminates abnormally, the program FLRUN may remain in memory. FLRUN is a memory-resident program which controls the user-friendly input interface. To remove FLRUN, type the following:

**FLOFF <cr>**

## 7. REFERENCES

International Radio Consultative Committee (CCIR) (1992), Revision of Recommendation 533, CCIR HF Propagation Prediction Method, Document 6/BL/5-E, June.

Davies, K. (1990), *Ionospheric Radio* (Peter Peregrinus Ltd., London, United Kingdom).

International Telecommunication Union (ITU) (1984), World Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the HF Band Allocated to the Broadcasting Service, Report to the Second Session of the Conference, General Secretariat of the ITU, Geneva.

International Telecommunication Union (ITU) (1987), Final Acts of the World Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the HF Bands Allocated to the Broadcasting Service (HFBC-87), General Secretariat of the ITU, Geneva.

Teters, L. R. (1983), Estimating the performance of telecommunication systems using the ionospheric transmission channel - Ionospheric Communications Analysis and Prediction Program User's Manual, NTIA Report 83-127, July.



## APPENDIX A: READ.ME File

11 Jan 1993

The following is a brief discussion of installing the HFANT, VOACAP, & REC533 computer programs with input and output processors developed by NTIA/ITS Boulder. Questions, comments, suggestions may be addressed to:

Greg Hand OFFICE:(303)-497-3375, FAX:(303)-497-3680,  
E-Mail:gh@its.bldrdoc.gov  
U.S. Department of Commerce NTIA/ITS.S3  
325 Broadway  
Boulder, Colorado 80303 USA

The programs will be found on 2 3.5 inch diskettes in a compressed self-extracting format. The diskettes should contain:

- #1 - HFBC1.EXE
  - READ.ME (this file)
- #2 - HFBC2.EXE

### Minimum system requirements:

Memory - largest executable program [do "mem/c" command]  
for REC533 = 370000 available  
for VOACAP = 520000 available

Hard Disk - 10 Mbytes

VGA graphics card

ANSI.SYS in CONFIG.SYS

At least a 386 processor with math co-processor (less than this is too slow)

Sample running times for computers with co-processors:

33 MHz 486	20 MHz 386
VOACAP graphs = 32 seconds	150 seconds
REC533 graphs = 17 seconds	70 seconds

HP LaserJet printer on LPT1 (if graphics hard copies desired)

If you do not have a HP LASerJet printer, you can still make your own copies if you have DOS 5.0 using the GRAPHICS command. The command syntax for a LaserJet is:

C:\DOS\GRAPHICS LASERJETII /r  
C:\DOS\GRAPHICS.PRO

assuming C:\DOS is the directory of your DOS commands.

To print a graphic image from the screen, type:

<shift><Print Screen>

### Proper installation:

- MKDIR ITSHFBC
  - this directory will contain all sub-directories and should be independent of the rest of your system. The name can be any name you choose.
- CD ITSHFBC
  - position yourself in the directory.
- COPY a:.\*.\*
  - copy diskette #1 into ITSHFBC
- COPY a:.\*.\*
  - copy diskette #2 into ITSHFBC
- HFBC1 -d -o -n
  - this will self-extract the compressed HFBC1.EXE file. HFBC1 contains sub-directories BIN  
RASTER  
RUN

```

HFBC2 -d -o -n - this will self-extract the compressed HFBC2.EXE file.
HFBC2 contains sub-directories DATABASE
ANTFILES
FONTS
NEWS
SAVED
SCODE

```

At this point, a DIR should produce the following:

Directory of C:\ITSHFBC

.	<DIR>	06-23-92	5:14p
..	<DIR>	06-23-92	5:14p
ANTFILES	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
BIN	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:03p
DATABASE	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:03p
FONTS	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
HFBC1	EXE	1281787	11-06-92 1:18p
HFBC2	EXE	969815	11-06-92 1:18p
NEWS	<DIR>	12-17-92	8:02a
RASTER	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
READ	ME	11593	11-06-92 1:18p
RUN	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
SAVED	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p
SCODE	<DIR>	09-17-92	6:02p

Execution MUST always occur from the sub-directory RUN. All the files in RUN may be considered temporary and may be deleted. Also, the files in the sub-directory RASTER are screen image bitmap files used for creating graphics on an HP LaserJet printer and no harm is done deleting these files whenever you wish. All other sub-directories contain vital data and/or executable programs. Do not delete files other than those in the RUN or RASTER sub-directories. Files you may wish to edit for your own customization are in the DATABASE sub-directory:

- FREQS3.DEF - default frequencies when the <F3> key is pressed.
- CIRCUITS.DAT - list of transmitter to receiver circuits with latitudes/longitudes, antennas, & power information.
- RECEIVE.DAT - list of receiver latitudes/longitudes/names.
- TRANSMIT.DAT - list of transmitter latitudes/longitudes/names.
- VOAREC.DAT - list of valid VOACAP receive antennas
- VOAXMTR.DAT - list of valid VOACAP transmit antennas

Please maintain fields and sorted order of these files. All that remains is to add the BIN directory to your PATH. All .BAT & .EXE files reside in BIN and the PATH must be set for them to be found. The best way is to change your PATH in AUTOEXEC.BAT to include "...\\BIN" and re-boot.

You may now execute the programs with:

- HFANT - to execute the HF antenna package to view or add HF antennas to the data base.
- REC533 - to execute the input processor for REC533.
- VOACAP - to execute the input processor for VOACAP.

A brief description of the contents of each directory follows:

- ANTFILES - contains HF antenna description files of form CCIR.xx.  
Each file is a text file and may be viewed.
- BIN - all .EXE, .COM, and .BAT files
  - ANTCALC.EXE - calculate gain of CCIR or VOACAP antennas
  - BATCHSEL.EXE - select circuits for BATCH graphs processing
  - CCIRALL.BAT - plot all CCIR antennas on HP LaserJet
  - CCIRPLT.BAT - plot one CCIR antenna on HP LaserJet

CCIRPLT1.EXE	- program to plot CCIR antenna patterns
DISPLAY.COM	- DISPLAY Screen module
FLASH.COM	- controls FlashUP commands
FLOFF.BAT	- removes FlashUP from memory
FLRUN.EXE	- FFlash up RUNtime module
HFANT.BAT	- controls HFANT CCIR antenna execution
HFANT8.EXE	- main CCIR antenna program
HORZPLT.EXE	- plots horizontal antenna patterns [HFANT]
HPJET.EXE	- plot 1 bitmap file on HP LaserJet printer
HPJET4.EXE	- plot 4 bitmap files on HP LaserJet printer
LASER2C.BAT	- 80 lines of compressed text on HP printer
LASERC.EXE	- add HP compressed print codes to text file
PAGE.EXE	- create graphics bitmap of text file
PERFORM.BAT	- .BAT file for PERFORM.EXE
PERFORM.EXE	- plot propagation graphics results to screen
REC533.BAT	- controls REC533 execution
REC533IN.EXE	- REC533 screen input moule
REC533P.EXE	- REC533 propagation module
SANSPLT2.EXE	- Sanson-Flamstead antenna patterns [HFANT]
SCR.BAT	- .BAT file for SCREEN.EXE
SCREEN.EXE	- display a bitmap file on screen
SCROLL.EXE	- allow user to scroll thru output file
VERTPLT.EXE	- plots vertical antenna patterns [HFANT]
VOACAP.BAT	- controls VOACAP execution
VOACAPP.EXE	- VOACAP propagation module
VOAINP.EXE	- VOACAP screen input moule
<b>DATABASE</b>	- general data base files
CIRCUITS.DAT	- list of valid circuits [MUST keep sorted]
COEFFS.DAT	- VOACAP ionospheric coefficients
CONST17.DAT	- Constant 17dB gain transmitter antenna
FREQS3.DEF	- default frequencies for <F3> key
METHOD.DAT	- descriptions of VOACAP method parameter
PARMS.DAT	- required for HFANT
REC533.VER	- current REC533 version date
RECEIVE.DAT	- list of default receivers [MUST keep sorted]
REP894???.BIN	- REC533 & HFBC84 ionospheric coeffs @ month ??.
SWWHIP.DAT	- Standard Short Wave Whip receiver antenna
TRANSMIT.DAT	- list of default transmitters[MUST keep sorted]
VOACAP.VER	- current VOACAP version date
VOAREC.DAT	- list of valid VOACAP receive antennas
VOAXMTR.DAT	- list of valid VOACAP transmit antennas
<b>FONTS</b>	- MicroSoft Fortran graphic fonts (10 files)
<b>NEWS</b>	- Contains information files detailing changes made.
<b>RASTER</b>	- will hold bitmap graphics images which will be copied to HP LaserJet printers.
<b>RUN</b>	- execute directory. All files may be deleted.
<b>SAVED</b>	- saved circuit data files which may be retrieved.
<b>SCODE</b>	- TEXT and HELP screens and FLASHUP libraries.

The general flow of the programs follows:

The program is controlled by VOACAP.BAT [REC533.BAT].  
If you understand .BAT files, please look at VOACAP.BAT for more detail.  
Simplistically, here is what happens:

VOAINP (the input processor) is executed  
You change all parameters you wish to change.  
Then hit <esc> key, which produces the options:

```
Circuit VOACAP
Graph VOACAP
Save data
Retrieve data
View last circ
Print last circ
Graph last calc
Dos command
Batch GRAPHS
exit
```

Using the arrow keys, you select one of the options. In addition to the arrow keys, <esc>=Edit, 'c'=Circuit, 'g'=Graph, 's'=Save, 'r'=Retrieve, 'v'=View, 'p'=Print, 'd'=Dos, 'b'=Batch, 'x'=exit.

**Circuit VOACAP** - creates the file VOACAPx.dat in 'DECRED' (Teters, 1983) format then executes VOACAPP VOACAPx.dat VOACAPx.out. This takes input from VOACAPx.dat and creates output on VOACAPx.out. Then output is displayed with 'SCROLL VOACAPx.out'. This allows you to scroll through the output file [Forward, Backward, and even Right/Left to view more than 80 columns]. The <esc> key at any time terminates this display. Control in SCROLL is done with arrow keys, HOME, END, PageUP, PageDOWN, TAB(right), ShiftTAB(left), <CR>.

**Graph VOACAP** - creates the file VOACAPg.dat in 'DECRED' format then executes VOACAPP VOACAPg.dat VOACAPg.out. The hours (UT) are forced 1 to 24, and incremented by 1, and the frequencies are set=-1 which flags VOACAPP to run frequencies 2 to 30 MHz by 1 MHz steps. When finished, control is passed to PERFORM which will read VOACAPg.out and allow you to graphically plot contours of Field Strength, Reliability, and Signal-to-Noise. If you have an HP LaserJet printer connected on LPT1, you will be able to produce graphics output, otherwise, you will only see graphics on the screen. NOTE, if you choose 'color' plots in PERFORM, sending these to the HP LaserJet will produce all black results!

**Save data** - Allows you to save the screen data in ASCII format on a file name (8 characters) that you specify.

**Retrieve data** - Allows you to retrieve data from a file that was saved.

**View last circ** - allows you to view the last results on file VOACAPx.out. Each time a circuit is calculated the previous contents of VOACAPx.out are destroyed.

**Print last circ** - will perform the command: PRINT VOACAPx.out which should send VOACAPx.out to your printer.

**Graph last calc** - will allow you to display graphs of the last "Graph VOACAP" selection without re-calculating.

**Dos command** - Allows you to execute a DOS command without exiting from the program.

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Batch GRAPHS | - Allows you to select a subset of circuits from the ..\DATABASE\CIRCUITS.DAT file & perform calculations and plots in a non-interactive mode. Will only work if you have an HP LaserJet online to your computer. In VOACAP.BAT, the transfer of the files to the HP LaserJet has been commented out (with REM), and must be changed to allow results to be printed. |
| Exit         | - Ends the program.  |

For REC533, substitute REC533 for VOACAP everywhere above.

If you abort abnormally [ctrlC], the program FLRUN may remain in memory as it is executed as a resident program. To remove it, simply type 'FLOFF'. FLRUN is Flashup RUNtime which controls the user-friendly input interface.

Good Luck!!



## APPENDIX B: VOACAP Input Data HELP Windows

METHOD
Specify METHOD [1-30] to use. Hit «F2» for list.

BEGINNING HOUR
Specify BEGINNING and ending hours to calculate propagation. Hours are Universal Time (UT) or Local Mean Time (LMT) at transmitter. Valid range is [1 to 24].

YEAR
Input YEAR of run. Must be in range [1980 to 2100].

ENDING HOUR
Specify beginning and ENDING hours to calculate propagation. Hours are Universal Time (UT) or Local Mean Time (LMT) at transmitter. Valid range is [1 to 24].

MONTH
Specify month(s) to perform calculations. «F2»      «F3»      «F4» 1,4,7,10    ALL    1

HOUR INCREMENT
Specify number of hours to increment between calculations. Valid range is [1 to 12].

SSN
Specify SunSpot Number for propagation calculations. «F2» sets 10, 100 «F4» sets 60 Valid range is [0 to 200].

UTM or LOCAL time
Specify whether calculations are performed in: U = UT - Universal Time L = LMT - Local Mean Time at the transmitter.

#### Transmitter LATITUDE

Input the transmitter latitude  
of the form:

North	South
dd.dddd	-dd.dddd
dd.Nmm	dd.Smm
dd.Nmm'ss	ddSmm'ss

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver LATITUDE

Input the receiver latitude  
of the form:

North	South
dd.dddd	-dd.dddd
dd.Nmm	dd.Smm
dd.Nmm'ss	ddSmm'ss

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Transmitter LONGITUDE

Input the transmitter longitude  
of the form:

East	West
ddd.dddd	-ddd.dddd
dddEmm	dddWmm
dddEmm'ss	dddWmm'ss

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver LONGITUDE

Input the receiver longitude  
of the form:

East	West
ddd.dddd	-ddd.dddd
dddEmm	dddWmm
dddEmm'ss	dddWmm'ss

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Transmitter NAME

Input the transmitter name.  
20 characters are allowed.

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver NAME

Input the receiver name.  
20 characters are allowed.

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

<p><b>FREQUENCIES</b></p> <p>Enter FREQUENCIES desired. zero fill those not used.</p> <p>Range is [0 to 30000 kHz].</p> <p>«F2» for defaults. «F3» for defaults from file=REQS3.DEF «F4» to zero all but 6100</p>	<p><b>Required Circuit Reliability</b></p> <p>Specify the required circuit reliability, which is an estimate of the percentage of days within the month that the signal quality will be acceptable (Req SNR will be attained). Range [10 to 90] Normally 90%</p>
<p><b>Transmitter Power</b></p> <p>Specify the Transmitter Power in kWatts.</p> <p>Valid range is [.01 to 999.99].</p>	<p><b>Required S/N Ratio (dB)</b></p> <p>Specify the required ratio of the hourly median signal power relative to the hourly median noise in a 1 Hz bandwidth, which is necessary to provide the type and quality of service required. Combines with REQ REL parameter.</p>
<p><b>Man-Made NOISE in -dBW</b></p> <p>Enter man-made noise in -dBW (dB below a Watt).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-1 = 125 = industrial</li> <li>-2 = 136 = residential</li> <li>-3 = 148 = rural</li> <li>-4 = 164 = remote</li> </ul> <p>Other values are specified with positive values.</p>	<p><b>Multipath Power Tolerance (dB)</b></p> <p>Specify the minimum tolerable power ratio between skywave modes at the receiver input terminal to permit satisfactory system performance in the presence of multiple signals. If 0, multipath not considered.</p>
<p><b>Minimum Takeoff Angle</b></p> <p>Specify Minimum Takeoff Angle of the antenna main lobe. Normally 3.0 degrees.</p> <p>Range [.01 to 40] [<math>\leq 0 \pm 3.0</math>]</p>	<p><b>Maximum Tolerable Time Delay</b></p> <p>Specify the maximum tolerable difference in delay times between skywave propagation modes to permit satisfactory system performance in the presence of multiple signals. Normally .85 milliseconds.</p>

### S/N Decile

Specify either:  
M = Median = 50%  
L = Lower = 90%  
S/N Decile desired.

### VOACAP RecAnt.

Specify index to predefined  
VOACAP receive antennas.

List is on file: VOAREC.DAT

Enter «F2» to list valid  
antenna indices.

### Modify transmitter antennas

[Y] to modify xmtr antennas  
[N] to accept xmtr antennas

### Maximum Frequency (MHz)

Input the maximum frequency  
in MHz that is allowed for  
this antenna. This antenna  
will be used for frequencies  
in the range MIN FREQ to  
MAX FREQ.  
Must be in the range [3-30].

### ANTENNA Index

Specify index to predefined  
CCIR or VOACAP antennas.

Enter «F2» to list valid  
CCIR antenna indices.

Enter «F3» to list valid  
VOACAP antenna indices.

### Design Frequency (MHz)

Input the design frequency  
of the antenna in MHz.  
A value of 0 will force  
DESIGN freq = OPERATING freq  
for all calculations.  
Must be either = 0 or in the  
range [MIN FREQ, MAX FREQ].  
↔ For ISOTROPE (CCIR.00),  
this is the GAIN (dBi).

### Main Beam Azimuth (deg)

Specify the main beam  
azimuth of this antenna  
in degrees from North.  
«F2» will set main beam  
to the azimuth of  
Transmitter-Receiver  
Valid range is [0 to 360].

## APPENDIX C: REC533 Input Data HELP Windows

### YEAR

Input YEAR of run.  
Must be in range  
(1980 to 2100).

### BEGINNING HOUR

Specify BEGINNING and ending  
hours to calculate propagation.  
Hours are Universal Time (UT)  
at transmitter.  
Valid range is [1 to 24].

### MONTH

Specify month(s) to  
perform calculations.  
«F2»      «F3»      «F4»  
1,4,7,10    ALL      1

### ENDING HOUR

Specify beginning and ENDING  
hours to calculate propagation.  
Hours are Universal Time (UT)  
at transmitter.  
Valid range is [1 to 24].

### SSN

Specify SunSpot Number for  
propagation calculations.  
«F2» sets 10, 100  
«F4» sets 60  
Valid range is [0 to 200].

### HOUR INCREMENT

Specify number of hours to  
increment between calculations.  
Valid range is [1 to 12].

#### Transmitter LATITUDE

Input the transmitter latitude  
of the form:

North	South
dd.dddd	-dd.dddd
ddNmm	ddSmm
ddNmm'ss	ddSmm'ss

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver LATITUDE

Input the receiver latitude  
of the form:

North	South
dd.dddd	-dd.dddd
dd.Nmm	dd.Smm
dd.Nmm'ss	ddSmm'ss

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Transmitter LONGITUDE

Input the transmitter longitude  
of the form:

East	West
ddd.dddd	-ddd.dddd
dddEmm	dddWmm
dddEmm'ss	dddWmm'ss

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver LONGITUDE

Input the receiver longitude  
of the form:

East	West
ddd.dddd	-ddd.dddd
dddEmm	dddWmm
dddEmm'ss	dddWmm'ss

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Transmitter NAME

Input the transmitter name.  
20 characters are allowed.

«F2» to choose from TRANSMIT.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### Receiver NAME

Input the receiver name.  
20 characters are allowed.

«F2» to choose from RECEIVE.DAT  
«F3» to choose from CIRCUITS.DAT

#### FREQUENCIES

Enter FREQUENCIES desired.  
Zero fill those not used.

Range is [0 to 30000 kHz].

«F2» for defaults.  
«F3» for defaults from  
file=FREQS3.DEF  
«F4» to zero all but 6100

#### S/N Percent of Days

Specify the percent of days  
of the month for which the  
required S/N ratio must be  
attained.  
Median is 50% [10 to 90]

#### Transmitter Power

Specify the Transmitter  
Power in kWatts.

Valid range is [.01 to 999.99].

#### Required S/N Ratio (dB)

Specify the required S/N ratio  
of the hourly median signal  
power relative to the hourly  
median noise in the receiver  
bandwidth. [-20 to 100 dB]

#### Man-Made NOISE in -dBW

Enter man-made noise in -dBW  
(dB below a Watt).  
-1 = 125 = industrial  
-2 = 136 = residential  
-3 = 148 = rural  
-4 = 164 = remote  
Other values are specified  
with positive values.

#### Receiver Bandwidth (Hz)

Specify the receiver  
bandwidth in Hertz.  
Valid range is :  
1 - 99999 Hz.

#### Minimum Takeoff Angle

Specify Minimum Takeoff Angle  
of the antenna main lobe.  
The minimum allowed by  
CCIR REC533 is 3 degrees.

#### Maximum Frequency (MHz)

Input the maximum frequency in MHz that is allowed for this antenna. This antenna will be used for frequencies in the range MIN FREQ to MAX FREQ.  
Must be in the range [3-30].

#### ANTENNA Index

Specify index to predefined CCIR antennas.  
Enter «F2» to list valid CCIR antenna indices.

#### Design Frequency (MHz)

Input the design frequency of the antenna in MHz. A value of 0 will force DESIGN freq = OPERATING freq for all calculations. Must be either = 0 or in the range [MIN FREQ, MAX FREQ].  
«F2» For ISOTROPE (CCIR.00), this is the GAIN (dBi).

#### Main Beam Azimuth (deg)

Specify the main beam azimuth of this antenna in degrees from North. «F2» will set main beam to the azimuth of Transmitter-Receiver  
Valid range is [0 to 360].

## **APPENDIX D: REPORTS**

The reports and plots that can be generated with these models are given in this appendix.

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IONOSPHERIC COMMUNICATIONS ANALYSIS AND PREDICTION PROGRAM  
VOACAP VERSION 93.0125

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890							
TIME	1	24	1	1			
MONTH	1992	6					
SUNSPOT	100.						
LABEL	TANGIER, Morocco		BELGRADE				
CIRCUIT	35.80N	5.90W	44.90N	20.50E			
SYSTEM	500.0	148.	3.00	50.55.0010.00	.85		
ANTENNA	1	1	2	30	.000	-1=CONST 17dB	.0
ANTENNA	2	2	2	30	.000	-1=Std SWWhip	.0
SNR	50						
FREQUENCY	6.07	7.20	9.70	11.85	13.70	15.35	17.73
METHOD	16	0					
EXECUTE							
QUIT							

JUN 1992 SSN = 100.												Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees		
TANGIER, Morocco				BELGRADE				AZIMUTHS				N. MI.	KM	
35.80 N	5.90 W	-	44.90 N	20.50 E			57.41	254.73	1317.9	2440.5				
XMT	2.0 to 30.0		EXTERNAL	CONST	17dB		Azim=	.0	OFFaz=	57.4				
RCVR	2.0 to 30.0		EXTERNAL	Std SWWhip			Azim=	.0	OFFaz=	57.4				
POWER	500.000 KW		3 MHz NOISE	= -148.0 dBW		REQ.REL	= 50%		REQ.SNR	= 55.0				
MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE	= 10.0 dB		MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE	= .850 ms										
1.0	16.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE	
13.7	7.8	7.8	8.1	8.7	9.5	10.9	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	-	-	ANGLE	
8.9	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY	
440	295	296	304	317	337	371	466	466	466	466	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	1.00	.99	.94	.82	.63	.25	.01	.00	.00	-	-	F DAYS	
124	119	118	117	117	118	120	134	176	238	-	-	LOSS		
67	65	67	69	70	70	69	56	16	-45	-	-	DBU		
-64	-59	-58	-59	-60	-61	-63	-77	-119	-181	-	-	S DBW		
-173	-154	-157	-164	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW		
108	95	99	105	108	109	109	97	58	-2	-	-	SNR		
-53	-40	-44	-50	-53	-54	-54	-42	-3	57	-	-	RPWRG		
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.56	.00	-	-	REL		
.00	1.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB		
2.0	15.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE	
13.5	8.0	8.0	8.3	9.0	10.1	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	-	-	ANGLE	
8.9	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY	
436	300	300	308	325	352	470	470	470	470	470	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	1.00	.98	.90	.73	.49	.18	.01	.00	.00	-	-	F DAYS	
123	119	117	117	117	119	125	137	173	224	-	-	LOSS		
68	65	67	69	70	70	63	52	18	-32	-	-	DBU		
-64	-59	-58	-59	-60	-62	-68	-80	-116	-167	-	-	S DBW		
-172	-156	-158	-164	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW		
108	97	100	105	108	109	104	94	60	11	-	-	SNR		
-53	-42	-45	-50	-53	-54	-49	-39	-5	44	-	-	RPWRG		
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.97	.61	.02	-	-	REL		
.00	1.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB		
3.0	15.0	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE	
13.6	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.9	10.1	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	-	-	ANGLE	
8.9	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY	
439	308	302	306	322	352	464	464	464	464	464	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	1.00	.98	.89	.69	.45	.15	.01	.00	.00	-	-	F DAYS	
124	120	119	118	118	119	126	140	178	231	-	-	LOSS		
67	63	66	68	69	69	62	50	13	-38	-	-	DBU		
-64	-61	-60	-60	-61	-62	-69	-83	-121	-174	-	-	S DBW		
-171	-157	-159	-164	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW		
108	96	100	104	107	108	103	91	55	4	-	-	SNR		
-53	-41	-45	-49	-52	-53	-48	-36	0	51	-	-	RPWRG		
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.97	.50	.01	-	-	REL		
.00	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB		

## METHOD 16 VOACAP 93.0125 PAGE 2

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle = 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFfaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFfaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

4.0	15.7	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	14.1	11.2	8.6	7.9	8.3	9.1	11.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	451	379	314	299	307	327	376	451	451	451	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	.99	.92	.77	.55	.22	.01	.00	-	-	F DAYS
	125	124	122	120	119	120	122	135	169	220	-	-	LOSS
	63	59	63	67	68	69	68	54	23	-27	-	-	DBU
	-68	-64	-63	-62	-62	-63	-64	-78	-112	-163	-	-	S DBW
	-172	-158	-160	-164	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	104	94	97	103	106	108	108	96	65	16	-	-	SNR
	-49	-39	-42	-48	-51	-53	-53	-41	-10	39	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.69	.03	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
5.0	17.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	-	-	MODE						
	11.6	23.0	22.2	8.0	7.6	7.9	8.6	13.5	13.5	13.5	-	-	ANGLE
	8.8	9.3	9.2	8.6	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.9	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	387	302	290	301	292	298	316	436	436	436	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	.99	.97	.89	.74	.44	.07	.00	-	-	F DAYS
	125	134	131	123	122	121	121	128	151	193	-	-	LOSS
	68	49	53	63	66	67	68	61	40	0	-	-	DBU
	-65	-75	-72	-65	-65	-64	-64	-71	-94	-136	-	-	S DBW
	-173	-159	-161	-165	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	85	89	100	103	106	108	102	82	42	-	-	SNR
	-53	-30	-34	-45	-48	-51	-53	-47	-27	13	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.91	.27	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
6.0	19.1	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	-	-	MODE						
	11.1	24.8	22.5	11.1	7.9	7.3	7.5	8.7	13.1	13.1	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	9.4	9.2	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	377	326	294	376	298	285	289	316	426	426	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	.99	.97	.93	.84	.64	.23	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	126	145	139	127	125	124	124	124	138	166	-	-	LOSS
	67	37	45	59	63	68	66	67	54	27	-	-	DBU
	-67	-87	-80	-69	-67	-64	-67	-66	-81	-109	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-160	-162	-165	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	74	82	97	101	106	105	107	95	69	-	-	SNR
	-53	-19	-27	-42	-46	-51	-50	-52	-40	-14	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.76	-	-	REL
	.00	.97	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

7.0	20.4	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	3F1	2 E	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	11.2	29.2	6.3	25.1	22.8	12.1	10.0	8.4	13.0	13.0	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	9.7	8.3	9.4	9.2	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	378	250	98	331	299	399	348	309	422	422	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.95	.90	.75	.37	.07	-	-	F DAYS
	127	172	159	138	134	125	125	125	133	154	-	-	LOSS
	67	14	27	48	52	64	65	67	59	39	-	-	DBU
	-68	-111	-99	-80	-76	-67	-68	-66	-76	-97	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-161	-163	-166	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	50	64	86	92	103	104	107	101	82	-	-	SNR
	-53	5	-9	-31	-37	-48	-49	-52	-46	-27	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.29	.92	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.91	-	-	REL
	.00	.12	.66	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
8.0	20.6	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	3F2	2F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	10.6	7.4	39.2	26.7	23.2	29.8	11.5	9.1	13.4	13.4	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	8.3	11.1	9.6	9.3	10.0	8.8	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	363	110	364	354	304	401	385	327	432	432	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.95	1.00	1.00	.99	.43	.90	.76	.39	.08	-	-	F DAYS
	127	192	172	144	137	144	126	125	132	152	-	-	LOSS
	67	-7	15	42	50	43	65	67	60	41	-	-	DBU
	-67	-133	-111	-85	-79	-87	-68	-66	-75	-95	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-161	-163	-166	-168	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	29	52	82	89	84	104	108	102	84	-	-	SNR
	-53	26	3	-27	-34	-29	-49	-53	-47	-29	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.38	1.00	1.00	.92	1.00	1.00	.99	.92	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.19	.99	.98	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
9.0	20.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2 E	2F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	10.3	7.4	6.1	27.8	23.9	30.4	12.5	9.8	13.9	13.9	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	8.3	8.3	9.7	9.3	10.0	8.8	8.7	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	356	110	95	370	313	412	411	343	447	447	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.96	1.00	1.00	.98	.39	.89	.74	.35	.06	-	-	F DAYS
	127	210	193	148	140	147	127	126	133	154	-	-	LOSS
	67	-27	-1	37	46	43	62	66	58	39	-	-	DBU
	-68	-152	-127	-90	-83	-88	-70	-67	-76	-97	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-161	-163	-166	-168	-170	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	9	37	76	86	82	102	106	100	82	-	-	SNR
	-53	46	18	-21	-31	-27	-47	-51	-45	-27	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.02	1.00	1.00	.91	1.00	1.00	.99	.91	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.02	.00	.00	.87	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

10.0	20.1	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2ES	2F2	2F2	2 E	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	10.5	7.4	7.4	28.4	24.3	7.2	30.9	10.6	14.3	14.3	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	8.3	8.3	9.8	9.4	8.3	10.1	8.7	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	362	110	110	379	319	108	420	362	456	456	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.96	.93	1.00	.99	.87	.09	.76	.30	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	128	228	207	152	144	152	169	127	136	168	-	-	LOSS
	67	-45	-18	32	43	40	23	64	55	25	-	-	DBU
	-67	-171	-144	-95	-86	-91	-109	-69	-79	-111	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-161	-163	-166	-168	-170	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	108	-9	19	71	83	79	63	104	97	68	-	-	SNR
	-53	64	36	-16	-28	-24	-8	-49	-42	-13	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.00	1.00	1.00	.96	.65	1.00	.98	.74	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.85	.57	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
11.0	20.2	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2ES	2F2	2F2	2 E	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	10.9	7.4	7.4	29.1	25.0	7.0	31.2	11.3	14.5	14.5	-	-	ANGLE
	8.7	8.3	8.3	9.9	9.4	8.3	10.1	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	372	110	110	390	329	106	425	381	463	463	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.95	.92	1.00	.99	.91	.10	.76	.30	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	129	240	216	155	146	155	170	128	137	167	-	-	LOSS
	65	-57	-25	30	41	38	19	63	55	25	-	-	DBU
	-70	-183	-151	-98	-88	-93	-112	-70	-80	-110	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-161	-163	-166	-168	-169	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	106	-22	11	68	80	76	59	103	96	68	-	-	SNR
	-51	77	44	-13	-25	-21	-4	-48	-41	-13	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.00	.99	1.00	.97	.58	1.00	.98	.74	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.83	.34	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
12.0	20.2	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2ES	2F2	2F2	2 E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	11.6	7.4	7.4	29.4	25.5	7.0	14.0	11.0	14.7	14.7	-	-	ANGLE
	8.8	8.3	8.3	9.9	9.5	8.3	8.9	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	388	110	110	396	337	106	448	373	467	467	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.95	.91	1.00	.99	.91	.92	.76	.31	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	129	242	218	155	146	156	129	129	137	167	-	-	LOSS
	64	-59	-25	30	41	37	59	62	54	26	-	-	DBU
	-70	-184	-152	-98	-88	-94	-72	-71	-80	-110	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-160	-162	-165	-167	-169	-170	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	105	-24	11	68	79	75	98	102	96	69	-	-	SNR
	-50	79	44	-13	-24	-20	-43	-47	-41	-14	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.00	.99	1.00	.96	1.00	1.00	.98	.75	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.82	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

13.0	20.1	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2ES	2F2	2F2	2 E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	11.8	7.4	7.4	29.4	25.9	7.1	13.7	10.7	14.8	14.8	-	-	ANGLE
	8.8	8.3	8.3	9.9	9.5	8.3	8.9	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	393	110	110	396	342	107	441	367	470	470	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.94	.90	1.00	.99	.88	.92	.76	.30	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	129	234	212	153	144	154	129	128	137	168	-	-	LOSS
	65	-52	-7	32	42	38	59	63	54	25	-	-	DBU
	-68	-177	-132	-96	-87	-93	-72	-70	-80	-111	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-160	-162	-165	-166	-168	-170	-172	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	107	-16	30	69	80	76	98	102	96	68	-	-	SNR
	-52	71	25	-14	-25	-21	-43	-47	-41	-13	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.00	.99	.99	.93	1.00	1.00	.98	.74	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.01	.00	.00	.83	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
14.0	19.9	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	2ES	2F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	13.7	7.4	7.4	29.0	26.3	32.0	13.3	10.8	14.8	14.8	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.3	8.3	9.9	9.6	10.2	8.9	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	441	110	110	390	349	438	430	368	470	470	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.94	.90	1.00	.99	.33	.91	.74	.26	.01	-	-	F DAYS
	130	220	202	149	142	152	128	127	138	173	-	-	LOSS
	64	-34	1	35	45	39	61	64	53	20	-	-	DBU
	-70	-159	-125	-92	-84	-92	-71	-69	-81	-116	-	-	S DBW
	-174	-160	-161	-164	-166	-168	-169	-172	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	105	1	37	72	82	76	99	104	95	63	-	-	SNR
	-50	54	18	-17	-27	-21	-44	-49	-40	-8	-	-	RPWRG
	.99	.00	.02	1.00	1.00	.88	1.00	1.00	.98	.65	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.01	.00	.00	.85	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
15.0	19.8	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	2ES	3F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE
	13.4	7.4	41.4	28.1	26.4	14.6	11.9	10.6	14.8	14.8	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.3	11.5	9.8	9.6	9.0	8.8	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	434	110	394	375	349	465	396	362	469	469	-	-	V HITE
	.50	.94	1.00	1.00	.99	.96	.90	.72	.23	.01	-	-	F DAYS
	128	202	174	144	139	127	126	126	138	175	-	-	LOSS
	65	-17	11	41	48	60	62	65	53	18	-	-	DBU
	-69	-143	-115	-86	-81	-70	-69	-68	-81	-118	-	-	S DBW
	-174	-160	-161	-163	-165	-167	-169	-172	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	106	17	46	77	84	97	100	104	95	61	-	-	SNR
	-51	38	9	-22	-29	-42	-45	-49	-40	-6	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	.00	.15	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.61	-	-	REL
	.00	.00	.04	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

16.0	20.1	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
	1F2	2 E	3F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	-	-	MODE	
12.0	6.0	39.4	26.6	25.4	13.1	10.8	9.9	14.4	14.4	-	-	-	ANGLE	
8.8	8.3	11.1	9.6	9.5	8.9	8.7	8.7	9.0	9.0	-	-	-	DELAY	
397	95	366	353	335	425	367	346	458	458	-	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.97	.91	.75	.27	.01	-	-	-	F DAYS	
127	182	164	140	135	126	126	125	136	171	-	-	-	LOSS	
66	8	22	46	51	62	64	66	55	22	-	-	-	DBU	
-68	-117	-104	-82	-78	-69	-68	-67	-79	-114	-	-	-	S DBW	
-174	-158	-159	-161	-164	-166	-168	-172	-176	-178	-	-	-	N DBW	
106	42	56	80	86	97	101	105	96	64	-	-	-	SNR	
-51	13	-1	-25	-31	-42	-46	-50	-41	-9	-	-	-	RPWRG	
1.00	.10	.54	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.68	-	-	REL	
.00	.06	.29	.99	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB	
17.0	20.7	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
	1F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	-	-	-	MODE						
11.5	25.9	23.5	11.8	8.2	7.7	7.7	8.3	13.8	13.8	-	-	-	ANGLE	
8.8	9.5	9.3	8.8	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	-	DELAY	
386	343	308	392	304	293	293	307	444	444	-	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.98	.93	.80	.36	.03	-	-	-	F DAYS	
127	150	142	130	128	126	125	124	133	163	-	-	-	LOSS	
67	33	42	57	61	66	65	67	59	30	-	-	-	DBU	
-67	-91	-84	-71	-69	-66	-68	-67	-76	-106	-	-	-	S DBW	
-175	-156	-157	-160	-163	-166	-168	-172	-176	-178	-	-	-	N DBW	
108	65	74	89	94	100	101	105	100	73	-	-	-	SNR	
-53	-10	-19	-34	-39	-45	-46	-50	-45	-18	-	-	-	RPWRG	
1.00	.90	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.81	-	-	REL	
.00	.65	.96	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB	
18.0	21.6	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ	
	1F2	2 E	2 E	1F2	-	-	-	MODE						
11.4	6.5	6.8	7.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.6	12.0	13.4	-	-	-	ANGLE	
8.7	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.8	8.9	-	-	-	DELAY	
382	100	104	298	276	274	278	291	397	433	-	-	-	V HITE	
.50	1.00	.95	1.00	1.00	.98	.95	.85	.49	.06	-	-	-	F DAYS	
127	137	135	128	126	125	124	123	127	154	-	-	-	LOSS	
68	46	51	59	63	66	67	68	67	39	-	-	-	DBU	
-67	-78	-75	-69	-67	-67	-67	-66	-67	-97	-	-	-	S DBW	
-176	-155	-156	-161	-164	-167	-169	-172	-176	-178	-	-	-	N DBW	
109	76	82	92	97	101	103	107	109	82	-	-	-	SNR	
-54	-21	-27	-37	-42	-46	-48	-52	-54	-27	-	-	-	RPWRG	
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.91	-	-	-	REL	
.00	.96	1.00	.00	.00	.99	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	-	MPROB	

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

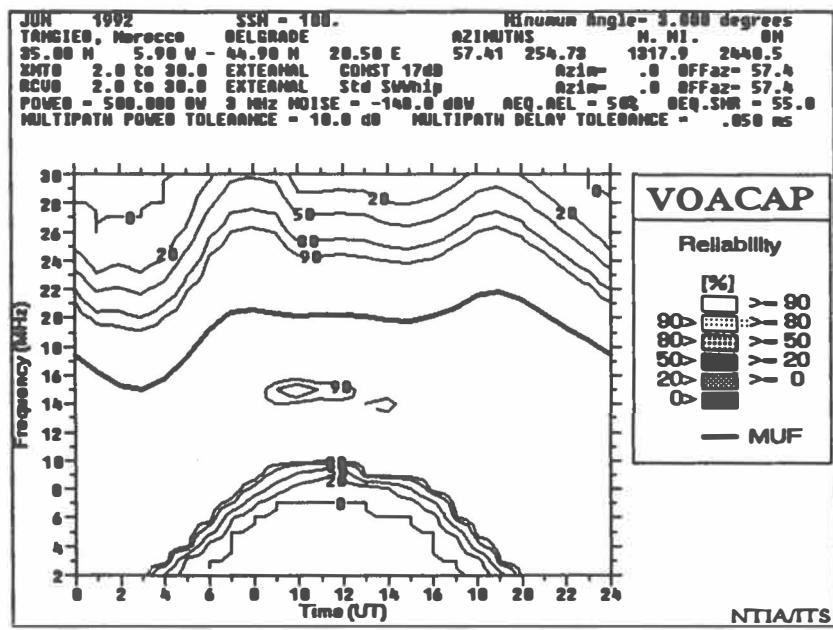
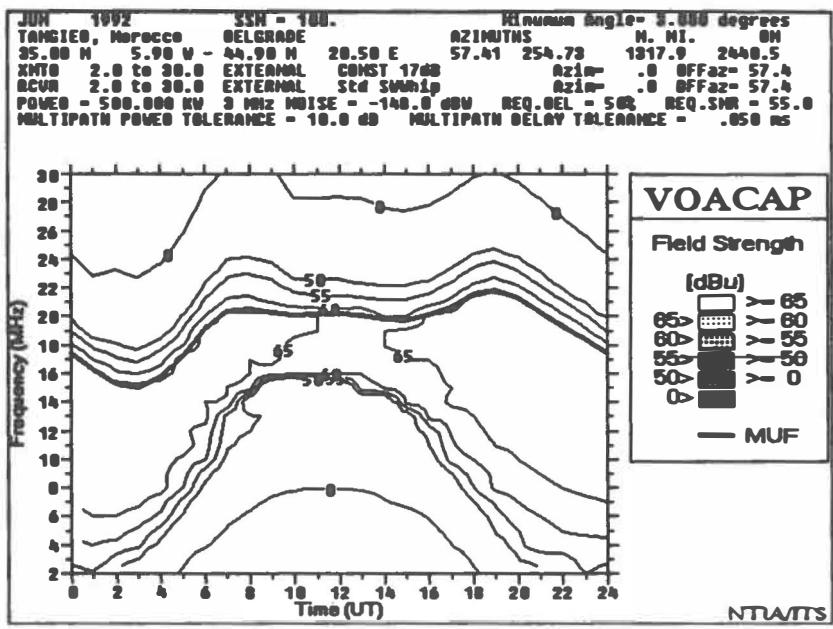
19.0	21.8	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	11.6	10.7	7.9	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.9	7.5	10.8	13.2	-	-	ANGLE
	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.7	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	388	366	298	268	265	268	274	289	368	429	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.96	.86	.52	.08	-	-	F DAYS
	127	130	128	126	124	123	122	122	126	151	-	-	LOSS
	68	53	57	62	66	68	68	69	68	42	-	-	DBU
	-67	-71	-69	-66	-65	-65	-65	-65	-67	-94	-	-	S DBW
	-176	-154	-156	-161	-165	-168	-170	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	109	84	88	95	100	104	105	108	110	85	-	-	SNR
	-54	-29	-33	-40	-45	-49	-50	-53	-55	-30	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.93	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
20.0	21.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	11.9	7.2	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.9	13.4	13.4	-	-	ANGLE
	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	395	281	271	265	268	274	282	299	433	433	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.98	.95	.83	.45	.05	-	-	F DAYS
	126	125	125	124	122	121	121	121	129	156	-	-	LOSS
	68	58	61	65	67	69	69	70	62	37	-	-	DBU
	-66	-66	-65	-64	-63	-63	-64	-64	-72	-99	-	-	S DBW
	-176	-154	-156	-162	-166	-169	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	110	88	91	98	103	106	107	109	104	80	-	-	SNR
	-55	-33	-36	-43	-48	-51	-52	-54	-49	-25	-	-	RPWRG
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.89	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.00	.99	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
21.0	20.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	13.7	6.9	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.8	8.7	13.7	13.7	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	440	274	271	272	277	285	295	318	440	440	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.97	.92	.77	.31	.02	-	-	F DAYS
	127	124	124	122	121	120	120	121	133	167	-	-	LOSS
	64	60	62	66	69	69	70	70	58	26	-	-	DBU
	-70	-64	-64	-62	-62	-63	-63	-64	-76	-110	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-154	-157	-162	-166	-169	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	105	90	93	100	105	106	108	110	100	69	-	-	SNR
	-50	-35	-38	-45	-50	-51	-53	-55	-45	-14	-	-	RPWRG
	.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.76	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

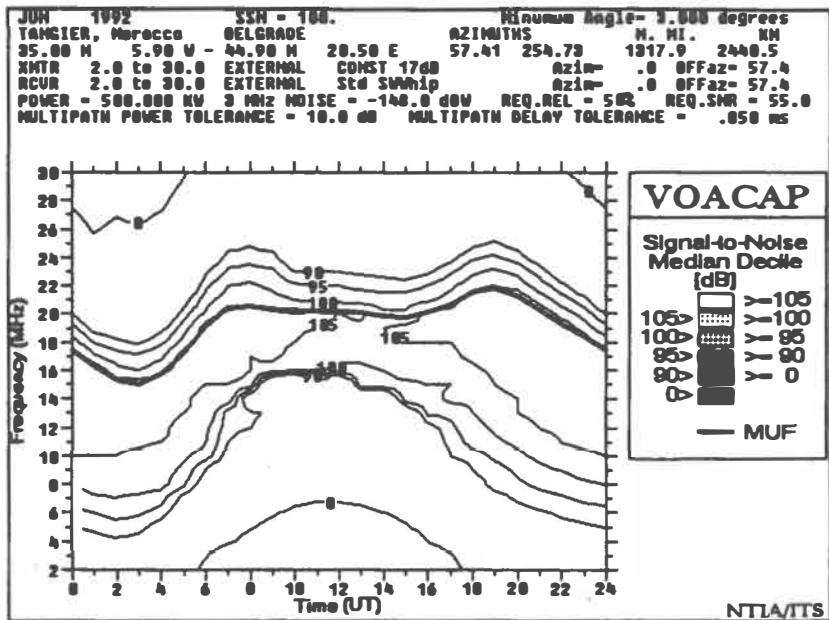
## METHOD 16 VOACAP 93.0125 PAGE 8

JUN 1992 SSN = 100. Minimum Angle= 3.000 degrees  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWWhip Azim= .0 OFFaz= 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHz NOISE = -148.0 dBW REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .850 ms

22.0	19.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	14.0	7.0	6.9	7.1	7.4	7.8	8.3	9.6	14.0	14.0	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	448	276	276	279	287	296	308	339	448	448	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.96	.89	.69	.19	.01	-	-	F DAYS
	127	123	123	120	119	119	120	121	139	180	-	-	LOSS
	64	62	64	68	69	70	70	70	53	13	-	-	DBU
	-70	-63	-62	-61	-61	-62	-63	-64	-82	-123	-	-	S DBW
	-175	-154	-157	-163	-167	-170	-171	-173	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	105	91	95	102	106	108	109	110	95	56	-	-	SNR
	-50	-36	-40	-47	-51	-53	-54	-55	-40	-1	-	-	RPWRG
	.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.51	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
23.0	18.4	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	14.2	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.8	8.2	8.9	10.8	14.2	14.2	-	-	ANGLE
	8.9	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.9	8.9	-	-	DELAY
	455	281	281	286	295	306	322	369	455	455	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	.98	.93	.83	.59	.09	.00	-	-	F DAYS
	127	123	121	119	119	119	119	122	147	195	-	-	LOSS
	63	62	65	69	69	70	70	69	45	-2	-	-	DBU
	-70	-62	-61	-60	-61	-62	-62	-64	-90	-138	-	-	S DBW
	-174	-154	-157	-163	-167	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	105	92	96	103	106	108	109	109	87	40	-	-	SNR
	-50	-37	-41	-48	-51	-53	-54	-54	-32	15	-	-	RPWRG
	.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.94	.24	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	.00	.99	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB
24.0	17.4	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	.0	FREQ
	1F2	-	-	MODE									
	14.4	7.6	7.6	7.9	8.3	8.9	9.7	14.4	14.4	14.4	-	-	ANGLE
	9.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	-	-	DELAY
	459	290	291	297	308	322	342	459	459	459	-	-	V HITE
	.50	1.00	1.00	.99	.97	.89	.76	.45	.03	.00	-	-	F DAYS
	126	121	120	118	118	119	120	128	158	214	-	-	LOSS
	63	63	66	69	69	70	69	62	33	-21	-	-	DBU
	-69	-61	-60	-60	-61	-62	-63	-71	-101	-157	-	-	S DBW
	-173	-154	-157	-163	-167	-170	-172	-174	-176	-178	-	-	N DBW
	104	93	97	104	107	109	109	103	75	21	-	-	SNR
	-49	-38	-42	-49	-52	-54	-54	-48	-20	34	-	-	RPWRG
	.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.99	.85	.05	-	-	REL
	.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	-	-	MPROB

\*\*\*\*\*END OF RUN\*\*\*\*\* VOACAP 93.0125





NTIA/ITS Model - VOACAP Field Strength

JUN 1992 SBN = 100. Minimum Angle- 3.000 degrees H. MI. KM  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS H. MI. KM  
 35.00 N 5.90 W - 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 264.73 1317.9 2440.5  
 XMTR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL CONST 17dB Azim. .0 OFFaz. 57.4  
 RCVR 2.0 to 30.0 EXTERNAL Std SWRHP Azim. .0 OFFaz. 57.4  
 POWER = 500.000 KW 3 MHZ NOISE = -148.0 dBV REQ.REL = 50% REQ.SNR = 55.0  
 MULTIPATH POWER TOLERANCE = 10.0 dB MULTIPATH DELAY TOLERANCE = .050 ms

UT	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400
00	16.3	16.7	19.1	20.6	20.1	20.2	19.9	20.3	21.4	21.3	19.3	17.4
02	-6.0	-6.5	-1.2	10	-21	-19	-29	-24	-26	-26	-38	-32
04	-6.6	-6.2	-3	27	-3	-7	-12	-15	-16	-16	-38	-30
06	-4.4	-4.0	24	14	15	14	-4	-3	20	17	-15	-20
08	-3.3	-2.8	26	40	24	26	19	21	38	36	-1	-23
10	-2.1	-1.6	46	34	34	34	32	31	36	44	-23	-23
12	-1.9	-1.4	43	51	42	42	40	32	61	35	-3	-3
14	-1.7	-1.2	57	62	59	59	53	51	51	56	-3	-3
16	-2.9	-2.9	65	62	61	64	58	58	68	68	-30	-30
18	4.6	4.6	67	67	66	64	60	66	68	69	61	61
20	4.6	4.6	67	67	66	64	60	66	70	69	65	65
22	4.6	4.6	67	67	65	63	59	59	70	69	61	61
24	5.2	6.2	67	65	61	60	61	64	67	69	70	69
26	6.6	6.6	66	63	54	56	50	50	61	64	70	70
28	6.9	6.9	66	66	54	54	54	54	56	56	70	70
30	7.0	6.9	67	67	46	43	46	46	56	48	69	70
00	7.0	6.8	65	65	46	43	46	46	56	48	69	69
02	7.0	6.8	65	65	46	43	46	46	56	48	69	69
04	6.9	6.6	52	59	46	31	47	40	66	66	68	68
06	6.9	6.6	48	29	16	12	31	43	66	62	67	67
08	6.8	6.7	48	29	26	11	31	36	66	62	66	67
10	6.7	6.2	44	12	-22	-29	-13	-20	50	50	63	65
12	6.6	6.2	26	-2	-47	-56	-38	-46	50	50	63	65
14	6.5	5.9	26	-2	-47	-56	-38	-46	50	50	63	65
16	6.5	5.8	27	-1.9	-143	-196	-137	-20	50	50	64	64
18	6.5	5.8	27	-2.9	-119	-199	-226	-179	50	50	64	64
20	6.0	2.3	-45	-132	-218	-246	-197	-105	-7	42	63	63

JUN 1992 SSN = 100.  
 TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS SP N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1318.1 2440.9  
 MIN ANG 3.0 DEG, PWR 500.0000 KW  
 TRANSMIT 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 3]=HR 4/4/.5 Azim= 57.4 OFFaz= .0  
 RECEIVE 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 0]=Isotropic Azim= .0 OFFaz= .0  
 NOISE CATEGORY 3 S/N 50% of Days @ 55 dB in 6000 Hz RX Bandwidth

UT	MUF		LUF	FOT	OPMUF
1	15.3	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	5.3	16.3	19.1
	1F2	1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	15	4 4 6 9 11 15 16 17 18 0 ANGL			
	70	67 69 73 74 74 68 55 44 35 -999 DBU			
	70	57 60 67 71 73 68 56 46 38 -999 S/N			
	.87	.59 .72 .85 .91 .90 .84 .52 .21 .07 .00 FS/N			
2	14.4	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	4.1	15.3	17.9
	1F2	1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	15	4 5 7 10 13 16 16 17 18 0 ANGL			
	70	68 70 73 74 72 60 51 41 32 -999 DBU			
	69	59 62 68 72 71 60 52 43 34 -999 S/N			
	.85	.68 .76 .87 .88 .88 .67 .36 .14 .01 .00 FS/N			
3	14.1	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	5.2	13.8	16.3
	1F2	1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	15	4 5 7 10 14 15 16 17 18 0 ANGL			
	71	67 69 73 74 72 60 51 42 33 -999 DBU			
	70	61 63 69 72 71 60 52 43 35 -999 S/N			
	.86	.72 .79 .87 .88 .88 .67 .37 .15 .02 .00 FS/N			
4	15.0	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	5.4	14.7	17.3
	1F2	2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	13	7 7 6 8 10 14 14 15 16 0 ANGL			
	72	62 61 71 73 74 67 56 47 39 -999 DBU			
	72	57 56 68 71 73 67 57 48 41 -999 S/N			
	.89	.59 .55 .85 .90 .90 .82 .58 .27 .09 .00 FS/N			
5	16.8	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	9.4	16.4	19.3
	1F2	2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	10	7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 0 ANGL			
	73	47 52 69 71 72 72 65 55 48 -999 DBU			
	73	43 48 66 69 71 72 66 56 50 -999 S/N			
	.90	.13 .23 .82 .87 .87 .89 .80 .54 .31 .00 FS/N			
6	18.8	6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ	11.6	18.4	21.6
	1F2	3F2 2E 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	10	35 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 0 ANGL			
	72	31 39 50 68 69 70 72 59 51 -999 DBU			
	73	27 36 48 66 69 70 72 60 53 -999 S/N			
	.90	.01 .03 .19 .83 .87 .87 .89 .67 .43 .00 FS/N			

JUN 1992 SSN = 100.

TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS SP N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1318.1 2440.9  
 MIN ANG 3.0 DEG, PWR 500.0000 KW  
 TRANSMIT 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 3 ]=HR 4/4/.5 Azim= 57.4 OFFaz= .0  
 RECEIVE 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 0 ]=Isotropic Azim= .0 OFFaz= .0  
 NOISE CATEGORY 3 S/N 50% of Days @ 55 dB in 6000 Hz RX Bandwidth

UT MUF												LUF	FOT	OPMUF	
7	20.0	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	12.9	19.5	23.0
1F2	3F2	3F2	2E	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
10	36	36	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	ANGL			
71	17	26	42	49	67	68	70	61	53	-999	DBU				
72	14	24	40	47	66	68	71	63	55	-999	S/N				
.88	.01	.01	.04	.17	.82	.87	.87	.73	.50	.00	FS/N				
8	20.1	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	13.4	19.7	23.1
1F2	3F2	3F2	3F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
11	37	37	37	7	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	ANGL			
70	7	18	35	43	64	66	68	60	52	-999	DBU				
71	4	16	34	42	64	66	69	62	54	-999	S/N				
.87	.01	.01	.01	.06	.78	.83	.84	.71	.47	.00	FS/N				
9	19.8	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	13.3	19.3	22.7
1F2	3F2	3F2	3F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
12	38	38	38	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	0	ANGL			
68	0	12	30	37	62	64	67	58	50	-999	DBU				
69	-3	10	29	36	62	64	67	60	53	-999	S/N				
.85	.01	.01	.01	.01	.73	.79	.82	.66	.39	.00	FS/N				
10	19.6	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	13.3	19.2	22.5
1F2	3F2	3F2	3F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
13	40	40	40	7	13	13	13	13	13	13	0	ANGL			
67	-5	8	27	33	61	63	66	57	49	-999	DBU				
68	-8	6	26	32	60	63	66	58	51	-999	S/N				
.83	.01	.01	.01	.01	.68	.76	.80	.61	.35	.00	FS/N				
11	19.7	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	13.3	19.3	22.7
1F2	3F2	3F2	3F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
13	40	40	40	7	13	13	13	13	13	13	0	ANGL			
66	-8	6	25	31	60	62	65	57	49	-999	DBU				
67	-11	4	24	30	59	62	65	58	51	-999	S/N				
.82	.01	.01	.01	.01	.65	.74	.78	.61	.35	.00	FS/N				
12	19.8	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	13.4	19.4	22.8
1F2	3F2	3F2	3F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
13	40	40	40	7	13	13	13	13	13	13	0	ANGL			
66	-9	6	25	31	60	62	65	57	49	-999	DBU				
67	-11	3	23	29	59	62	65	58	51	-999	S/N				
.82	.01	.01	.01	.01	.63	.72	.78	.62	.35	.00	FS/N				

JUN 1992 SSN = 100.

TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS SP N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1318.1 2440.9  
 MIN ANG 3.0 DEG, PWR 500.0000 KW  
 TRANSMIT 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 3 ]=HR 4/4/.5 Azim= 57.4 OFFaz= .0  
 RECEIVE 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 0 ]=Isotropic Azim= .0 OFFaz= .0  
 NOISE CATEGORY 3 S/N 50% of Days @ 55 dB in 6000 Hz RX Bandwidth

UT	MUF	LUF	FOT	OPMUF
13	19.8 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 13.3 19.3 22.7			
	1F2 3F2 3F2 3F2 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	13 40 40 40 7 13 13 13 13 13 0 ANGL			
	67 -6 8 27 33 60 63 65 57 49 -999 DBU			
	67 -8 5 25 31 59 62 65 58 51 -999 S/N			
	.82 .01 .01 .01 .01 .64 .72 .78 .62 .35 .00 FS/N			
14	19.5 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 12.9 19.1 22.4			
	1F2 3F2 3F2 3F2 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	13 40 40 40 7 13 13 13 13 13 0 ANGL			
	67 0 12 30 36 62 64 66 57 49 -999 DBU			
	68 -3 9 27 33 59 62 66 58 51 -999 S/N			
	.82 .01 .01 .01 .01 .66 .74 .79 .60 .35 .00 FS/N			
15	19.4 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 12.6 18.9 22.3			
	1F2 3F2 3F2 3F2 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	13 39 39 39 7 13 13 13 13 13 0 ANGL			
	68 8 19 34 41 63 65 67 57 49 -999 DBU			
	68 4 15 30 37 60 63 67 58 52 -999 S/N			
	.83 .01 .01 .01 .02 .68 .76 .81 .61 .36 .00 FS/N			
16	19.7 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 12.2 19.2 22.6			
	1F2 3F2 3F2 2E 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	12 38 38 7 7 12 12 12 12 12 0 ANGL			
	69 17 27 40 47 65 67 68 59 51 -999 DBU			
	70 11 21 34 42 61 64 67 60 53 -999 S/N			
	.85 .01 .01 .01 .08 .71 .78 .82 .66 .41 .00 FS/N			
17	20.4 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 11.4 20.0 23.5			
	1F2 3F2 2E 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	11 37 7 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 0 ANGL			
	71 28 37 49 66 68 69 70 63 54 -999 DBU			
	72 21 29 41 60 63 66 69 64 56 -999 S/N			
	.88 .01 .01 .07 .69 .77 .82 .85 .76 .53 .00 FS/N			
18	21.2 6.1 7.2 9.7 11.9 13.7 15.4 17.7 21.6 25.9 .0 FREQ 10.6 20.7 24.4			
	1F2 2E 2E 2E 2E 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 1F2 0 MODE			
	12 7 7 7 5 6 8 12 13 0 ANGL			
	72 43 49 58 57 69 70 72 66 54 -999 DBU			
	73 34 40 50 51 64 68 71 67 57 -999 S/N			
	.89 .02 .08 .27 .29 .79 .86 .88 .83 .56 .00 FS/N			

METHOD 6 REC533 VER-1.11 28.Sept.92

PAGE 4

JUN 1992 SSN = 100.

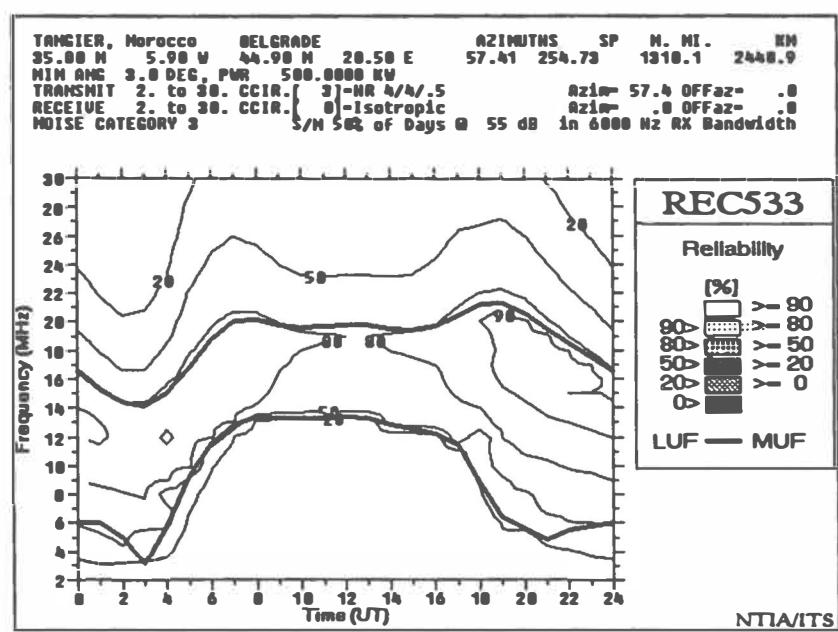
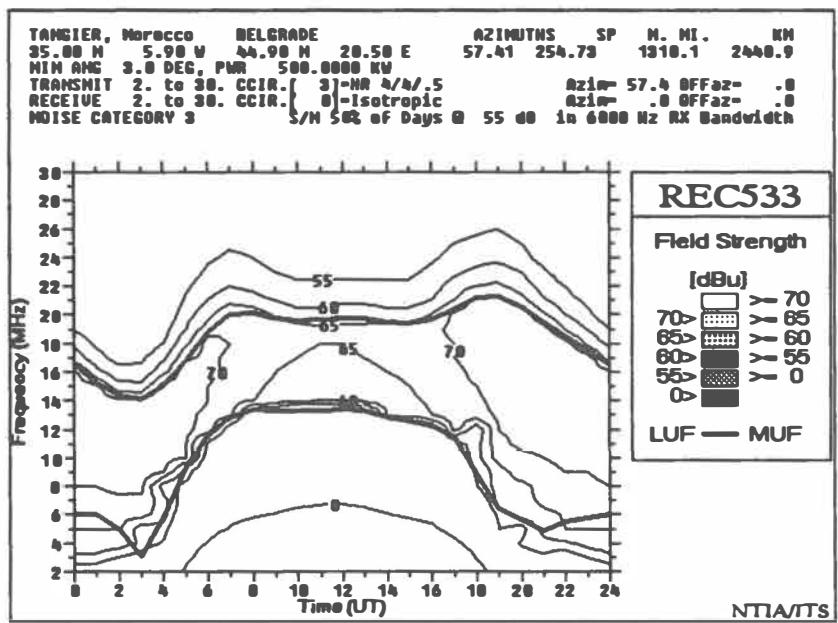
TANGIER, Morocco BELGRADE AZIMUTHS SP N. MI. KM  
 35.80 N 5.90 W 44.90 N 20.50 E 57.41 254.73 1318.1 2440.9  
 MIN ANG 3.0 DEG, PWR 500.0000 KW  
 TRANSMIT 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 3 ]=HR 4/4/.5 Azim= 57.4 OFFaz= .0  
 RECEIVE 2. to 30. CCIR.[ 0 ]=Isotropic Azim= .0 OFFaz= .0  
 NOISE CATEGORY 3 S/N 50% of Days @ 55 dB in 6000 Hz RX Bandwidth

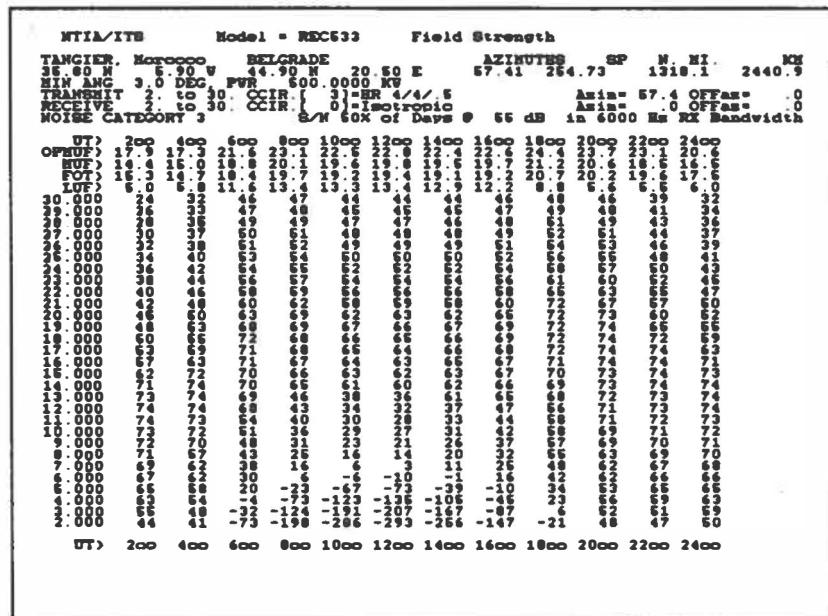
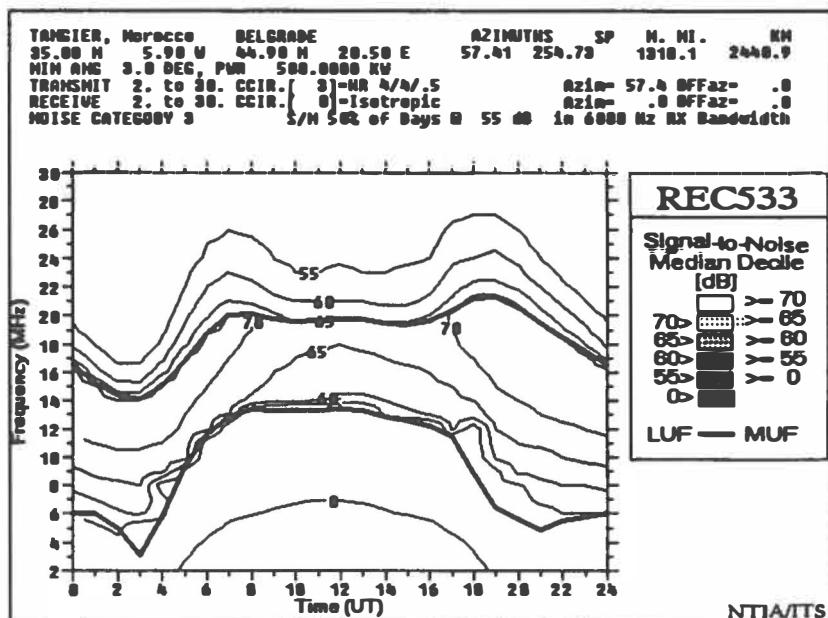
UT MUF

LUF FOT OPMUF

	19	21.3	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	7.4	20.8	24.5
1F2	1F2	2F2	2E	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
13	13	14	7	4	5	6	6	8	13	13	13	0	ANGL			
72	72	61	63	67	70	71	73	74	67	55	-999	DBU				
73	73	51	54	60	64	68	71	73	69	57	-999	S/N				
.90	.90	.33	.42	.69	.80	.86	.90	.90	.85	.58	.00	FS/N				
	20	20.6	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	7.8	20.2	23.7
1F2	1F2	2F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
13	13	15	16	4	5	6	7	9	13	14	14	0	ANGL			
72	72	62	61	69	71	73	74	74	64	53	-999	DBU				
73	73	52	51	62	66	70	72	74	65	55	-999	S/N				
.91	.91	.33	.32	.75	.84	.89	.92	.92	.79	.51	.00	FS/N				
	21	19.5	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	6.8	20.7	24.4
1F2	1F2	2F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
14	14	15	3	4	5	7	8	11	14	15	15	0	ANGL			
72	72	63	67	70	72	73	74	74	59	50	-999	DBU				
72	72	51	57	63	67	71	73	74	61	52	-999	S/N				
.90	.90	.30	.60	.77	.86	.90	.94	.92	.69	.36	.00	FS/N				
	22	18.5	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	6.0	19.6	23.1
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
14	14	3	4	5	6	8	9	13	15	16	16	0	ANGL			
71	71	66	68	71	.73	74	74	73	55	46	-999	DBU				
72	72	55	58	64	69	72	73	73	57	48	-999	S/N				
.89	.89	.50	.62	.79	.88	.92	.91	.91	.57	.27	.00	FS/N				
	23	17.5	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	6.0	18.6	21.9
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
15	15	3	4	5	7	9	10	15	16	16	16	0	ANGL			
70	70	66	68	71	73	74	74	67	52	43	-999	DBU				
71	71	55	58	65	70	72	73	67	53	45	-999	S/N				
.88	.88	.51	.66	.81	.89	.92	.91	.83	.43	.19	.00	FS/N				
	24	16.5	6.1	7.2	9.7	11.9	13.7	15.4	17.7	21.6	25.9	.0	FREQ	5.9	17.5	20.6
1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	1F2	0	MODE			
15	15	4	4	6	8	10	12	15	16	17	17	0	ANGL			
70	70	67	68	72	74	74	73	60	48	39	-999	DBU				
70	70	56	59	66	71	73	73	61	50	42	-999	S/N				
.88	.88	.53	.67	.83	.90	.90	.90	.69	.30	.12	.00	FS/N				

End-of-Run







## BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET

	1. PUBLICATION NO.  <i>TM-93- 157</i>	2. Gov't Accession No.	3. Recipient's Accession No.
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15. ABSTRACT (A 200-word or less factual summary of most significant information. If document includes a significant bibliography or literature survey, mention it here.)  A user's guide and programmer's reference manual is presented to facilitate the use of two high frequency circuit analysis software systems called VOACAP and REC533. The guide shows how to execute the software on laptop computers and personal computers to make point-to-point predictions used to coordinate frequency assignments for broadcast planning. The guide shows how the software can be executed interactively for single circuits from menu-driven software, and for a collection of circuits in batch mode.			
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